

# Generalized Linear Models

## Homework Assignment 1: Spring 2003

1. Suppose  $Y \sim Ga(\mu, \phi)$ . Note that  $Y$  has an exponential distribution when the  $\phi = 1$ , and that the density of  $Y/\mu$  does not depend on the value of  $\mu$ .
  - (a) Evaluate the normal approximation to the distribution of  $Y$  by plotting the density of  $(Y - \mu)/\sqrt{\phi\mu}$  for various values of  $\phi$ .
  - (b) Derive the moment generating function of  $X = \log Y$  and hence find formulas for  $E(X)$  and  $\text{var}(X)$ .
  - (c) Plot the density of  $(X - E(X))/\sqrt{\text{var}(X)}$  for the values of the dispersion parameter considered in part (a). Hence evaluate the normal approximation to the distribution of  $X$ .
  - (d) Plot the density of the signed (and scaled) likelihood root statistic

$$r = \text{sign}(Y - \mu) \sqrt{\frac{2}{\phi} \left\{ -\log \frac{Y}{\mu} + \frac{Y - \mu}{\mu} \right\}}$$

for the values of the dispersion parameter considered in part (a). Hence evaluate the normal approximation to the distribution of  $r$ .

2. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be an i.i.d. sample from the negative binomial distribution,  $Nb(\lambda, p)$ , and let  $\theta = \log p$ 
  - (a) Find the m.l.e. for  $\theta$  when  $\lambda$  is known.
  - (b) Derive the m.l. estimating equation for  $\lambda$  when  $\theta$  is known.
  - (c) Describe an algorithm for finding the joint m.l.e.  $(\hat{\theta}, \hat{\lambda})$ .
  - (d) The number of species of fish in 70 lakes around the world are given in the dataset “Fish counts” available from the class website. Test the goodness-of-fit of the Poisson distribution to these counts.
  - (e) Write a computer program to fit a negative binomial distribution to the counts. Email your program to me in a form that I can run. The output from the program should include the results of each iteration.

3. This problem concerns the Inverse Gaussian distribution. Let  $\Phi$  denote the standard normal CDF and consider the function

$$F(y) = \begin{cases} 0 & y \leq 0 \\ \Phi\left(\sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{y}}\left(-1 + \frac{y}{\mu}\right)\right) + e^{2\lambda/\mu}\Phi\left(-\sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{y}}\left(1 + \frac{y}{\mu}\right)\right) & y > 0. \end{cases}$$

- (a) Show that

$$F'(y) = \begin{cases} 0 & y \leq 0 \\ \left(\frac{\lambda}{2\pi y^3}\right)^{1/2} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda(y-\mu)^2}{2\mu^2 y}\right\} & y > 0. \end{cases}$$

Hence show that  $F$  is a continuous CDF with corresponding density  $f(y) = F'(y)$ .

- (b) Show that the density can be written in exponential dispersion form. Identify the function,  $b(\theta)$ , the relationship between the canonical and mean parameters, and the variance function for this model.
4. Write a computer program to fit the logistic regression model

$$\text{logit } \pi = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x$$

to the space shuttle data available from the class website using the IRLS algorithm described in class. In this model  $x$  denotes the temperature at launch time and  $\pi = P(ndo > 0)$ , where  $ndo$  is the number of damaged o-rings.

- (a) Email your program to me in a form that I can run. The output from the program should include the results of each iteration and the Wald and LR statistics for testing  $H_o : \beta_1 = 0$ .
- (b) Explain the criterion you used to determine convergence.
- (c) Plot the fitted value of  $\pi$  as a function of temperature and mark the estimated value for  $x = 32^\circ$  (the temperature the morning of the Challenger disaster).