

Chapter 7

Random Effects Model for Factorial TRT DESIGNS

Model: $Y_{ijk} = \mu + a_i + b_j + (ab)_{ij} + e_{ijk}$

$i = 1, \dots, a$
 $j = 1, \dots, b$
 $k = 1, \dots, r$

$a_i \sim NID(0, \sigma_a^2)$
 $b_j \sim NID(0, \sigma_b^2)$
 $(ab)_{ij} \sim NID(0, \sigma_{ab}^2)$
 $e_{ijk} \sim NID(0, \sigma^2)$

} Independent

$$Cov(Y_{ijk}, Y_{i'j'k'}) = Cov(\mu + a_i + b_j + (ab)_{ij} + e_{ijk}, \mu + a_{i'} + b_{j'} + (ab)_{i'j'} + e_{i'j'k'})$$

$i = i', j = j', k = k' \Rightarrow Cov(Y_{ijk}, Y_{i'j'k'}) = \sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2$

$i = i', j = j', k \neq k' \Rightarrow Cov(Y_{ijk}, Y_{i'j'k'}) = \sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2$

$i = i', j \neq j', k = k' \Rightarrow Cov(Y_{ijk}, Y_{i'j'k'}) = \sigma_a^2$

$i \neq i', j = j', k = k' \Rightarrow Cov(Y_{ijk}, Y_{i'j'k'}) = \sigma_b^2$

$i \neq i', j \neq j', k = k' \Rightarrow Cov(Y_{ijk}, Y_{i'j'k'}) = 0$

$E[Y_{ijk}] = \mu \quad \forall i, j, k$

(7.2)

$$SSA = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{...})^2 = br \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2 - abr \bar{y}_{...}^2$$

$$SSB = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (\bar{y}_{.j.} - \bar{y}_{...})^2 = ar \sum_j \bar{y}_{.j.}^2 - abr \bar{y}_{...}^2$$

$$SSAB = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (\bar{y}_{ij.} - \bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{.j.} + \bar{y}_{...})^2 \quad (\text{see chapter 6 course notes})$$

$$= r \sum_i \sum_j \bar{y}_{ij.}^2 - br \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2 - ar \sum_j \bar{y}_{.j.}^2 + abr \bar{y}_{...}^2$$

$$SSE = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (y_{ijk} - \bar{y}_{ij.})^2 = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}^2 - r \sum_i \sum_j \bar{y}_{ij.}^2$$

$$E[y_{ijk}] = \mu \quad V[y_{ijk}] = \sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$\Rightarrow E[y_{ijk}^2] = \mu^2 + \sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$E[\bar{y}_{ij.}] = \mu$$

$$V[\bar{y}_{ij.}] = V\left[\frac{1}{r} \sum_k y_{ijk}\right] = \frac{1}{r^2} V\left[\sum_k y_{ijk}\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{r^2} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^r V(y_{ijk}) + 2 \sum_{k < k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{ijk'}) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{r^2} \left\{ r(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) + 2 \binom{r}{2} (\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{r^2} \left\{ r(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) + r(r-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow E[\bar{y}_{ij.}^2] = \mu^2 + \frac{1}{r^2} \left\{ r(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) + r(r-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) \right\}$$

$$E[\bar{y}_{i..}] = \mu$$

$$V[\bar{y}_{i..}] = V\left[\frac{1}{br} \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}\right]$$

br terms

$$= \left(\frac{1}{br}\right)^2 V\left[\sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}\right] = \left(\frac{1}{br}\right)^2 \left[\sum_j \sum_k V(y_{ijk}) \right]$$

$$+ 2 \sum_j \sum_{k < k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{ijk'}) + 2 \sum_{j < j'} \sum_k \sum_{k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{ijk'})$$

br(r-1) terms

b(b-1)r^2 terms

$$\begin{aligned} & br + br(r-1) \\ & + b(b-1)r^2 \\ & = b^2 r^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{br}\right)^2 \left[br(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma_e^2) + br(r-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) + b(b-1)r^2 \sigma_a^2 \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow E[\bar{y}_{i..}^2] = \mu^2 + \left(\frac{1}{br}\right)^2 \left[br(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma_e^2) + br(r-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) + b(b-1)r^2 \sigma_a^2 \right]$$

By direct analogy (since labels of A & B could have been reversed)

$$E[\bar{y}_{.j.}] = \mu^2 + \left(\frac{1}{ar}\right)^2 \left[ar(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma_e^2) + ar(r-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) + a(a-1)r^2 \sigma_b^2 \right]$$

$$E[\bar{y}...] = \mu$$

$$\begin{aligned}
V[\bar{y}...] &= V\left[\frac{1}{abr} \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}\right] = \left(\frac{1}{abr}\right)^2 V\left[\sum_i \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}\right] \\
&= \left(\frac{1}{abr}\right)^2 \left\{ \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k V(y_{ijk}) + 2 \sum_i \sum_j \sum_{k < k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{ijk'}) \right. \\
&\quad + 2 \sum_i \sum_{j < j'} \sum_k \sum_{k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{ij'k'}) + 2 \sum_{i < i'} \sum_j \sum_k \sum_{k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{i'jk'}) \\
&\quad \left. + 2(2) \sum_{i < i'} \sum_{j < j'} \sum_k \sum_{k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{i'j'k'}) \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

Check:

$$\begin{aligned}
abr + abr(r-1) &= abr^2 \\
ab(b-1)r^2 &= ab^2r^2 - abr^2 \\
\hline
&= ab^2r^2 \\
a(a-1)br^2 &= a^2br^2 - abr^2 \\
a(a-1)b(b-1)r^2 &= a^2b^2r^2 - a^2br^2 - ab^2r^2 + abr^2 \\
\hline
&= a^2b^2r^2 - a^2br^2 - ab^2r^2 + abr^2 + a^2br^2 - ab^2r^2 + ab^2r^2 \checkmark
\end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow (*) = \left(\frac{1}{abr}\right)^2 \left\{ abr(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) + \sigma_e^2 + ab(b-1)r^2\sigma_a^2 + a(a-1)br^2\sigma_b^2 + a(a-1)b(b-1)r^2(0) \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow E[\bar{y}...] = \mu^2 + \text{_____}$$

50 SHEETS
100 SHEETS
22-141
22-142
22-144
200 SHEETS
AMPAD

$$E[SSE] = E\left[\sum_{i,j,k} y_{ijk}^2 - r \sum_{i,j} \bar{y}_{ij}^2\right]$$

$$= abr E[y_{ijk}^2] - abr E[\bar{y}_{ij}^2]$$

$$= abr \left\{ [\mu^2 + \sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2] - \left[\mu^2 + \frac{1}{r^2} (\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) r + r(r-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) \right] \right\}$$

$$= abr \left\{ \mu^2(1-1) + \sigma_a^2 \left[1 - \frac{r}{r^2} - \frac{r(r-1)}{r^2} \right] + \sigma_b^2 \left[1 - \frac{r}{r^2} - \frac{r(r-1)}{r^2} \right] + \sigma_{ab}^2 \left[1 - \frac{r}{r^2} - \frac{r(r-1)}{r^2} \right] + \sigma^2 \left[1 - \frac{r}{r^2} \right] \right\}$$

$$= abr \left\{ \mu^2(0) + \sigma_a^2 \left[\frac{r^2 - r - r^2 + r}{r^2} \right] + 0\sigma_b^2 + 0\sigma_{ab}^2 + \frac{r^2 - r}{r^2} \sigma^2 \right\}$$

$$= abr \left[\frac{r(r-1)}{r^2} \right] \sigma^2 = ab(r-1) \sigma^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{E[MSE] = E\left[\frac{SSE}{ab(r-1)}\right] = \sigma^2}$$

$$E[MSAB] = E\left[r \sum_{i,j} y_{ij..}^2 - br \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2 - ar \sum_j \bar{y}_{.j.}^2 + abr \bar{y}_{...}^2\right]$$

$$= \frac{abr}{(br)^2} \left[\mu^2 + \frac{1}{r^2} \left[r(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) + r(r-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) \right] \right]$$

$$= \frac{abr}{(br)^2} \left[\mu^2 \right]$$

(7.6)

$$= abr \left[\mu^2 + \frac{1}{r^2} \left[r(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) + r(r-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) \right] \right]$$

$$- abr \left[\mu^2 + \left(\frac{1}{br}\right)^2 \left[br(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) + br(r-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) + b(b-1)r^2\sigma_a^2 \right] \right]$$

$$- abr \left[\mu^2 + \left(\frac{1}{ar}\right)^2 \left[ar(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) + ar(r-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) + a(a-1)r^2\sigma_b^2 \right] \right]$$

$$+ abr \left[\mu^2 + \left(\frac{1}{abr}\right)^2 \left[abr(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) + abr(r-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) + ab(b-1)r^2\sigma_a^2 + a(a-1)br^2\sigma_b^2 \right] \right]$$

Putting coefficients of μ^2 terms together

$$\mu^2: \quad \cancel{abr} - \cancel{abr} - \cancel{abr} + \cancel{abr} = 0$$

$$\sigma_a^2: \quad \frac{abr^2}{r^2} + \frac{ab^2(r-1)}{r^2} - \frac{ab^2r^2}{(br)^2} - \frac{ab^2r^2(r-1)}{(br)^2} - \frac{ab^2r^3(b-1)}{(br)^2}$$

$$- \frac{a^2br^2}{(ar)^2} - \frac{a^2br^2(r-1)}{(ar)^2} + \frac{(abr)^2}{(abr)^2} + \frac{(abr)^2(r-1)}{(abr)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(abr)^2(b-1)r}{(abr)^2}$$

$$= \cancel{ab} + \cancel{ab} - \frac{\cancel{ab}}{r} - \cancel{a} - \cancel{a(r-1)} - \cancel{ar(b-1)} - \cancel{b} - \cancel{b(r-1)}$$

$$+ 1 + (r-1) + (b-1)r = \cancel{ab} + \dots \rightarrow$$

(7.7)

$$= ab + ab(r-1) - a - a(r-1) - ar(b-1) \\ - b - b(r-1) + 1 + r - 1 + (b-1)r$$

$$= abr - ar - ar(b-1) - br + r$$

$$= abr - abr - br + rb = 0$$

Similarly, coefficient for $\sigma_b^2 = 0$ —

$$\sigma_{ab}^2: \frac{abr^2}{r^2} + \frac{abr^2(r-1)}{r^2} - \frac{ab^2r^2}{(br)^2} - \frac{ab^2r^2(r-1)}{(br)^2}$$

$$- \frac{a^2br^2}{(ar)^2} = \frac{a^2br^2(r-1)}{(ar)^2} + \frac{(abr)^2}{(abr)^2} + \frac{(abr)^2(r-1)}{(abr)^2}$$

$$= ab + ab(r-1) - a - a(r-1) - b - b(r-1) + 1 + (r-1)$$

$$= abr - ar - br + r = ~~ab(r-1) + (r-1)~~$$

$$= r(a-1)(b-1)$$

$$\sigma_a^2: \frac{abr^2}{r^2} - \frac{ab^2r^2}{(br)^2} - \frac{a^2br^2}{(ar)^2} + \frac{(abr)^2}{(abr)^2}$$

$$= ab - a - b + 1 = (a-1)(b-1)$$

$$\Rightarrow E[SSAB] = r(a-1)(b-1)\sigma_{ab}^2 + (a-1)(b-1)\sigma_e^2$$

$$\Rightarrow E[MSAB] = E\left[\frac{SSAB}{(a-1)(b-1)}\right] = r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma_e^2$$

$$E[SSA] = E\left[br\sum \bar{y}_{i..}^2 - abr\bar{y}_{...}^2\right]$$

$$= \cancel{abr} \left[\mu^2 + \left(\frac{1}{br}\right)^2 \left[br(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma_e^2) + br(r-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) + b(b-1)r^2\sigma_a^2 \right] \right]$$

$$- abr \left[\mu^2 + \left(\frac{1}{abr}\right)^2 \left[abr(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) + \sigma_e^2 \right] \right]$$

$$+ abr(r-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) + ab(b-1)r^2\sigma_a^2 + a(a-1)br^2\sigma_b^2]$$

Coefficients of

$$\mu^2: \quad abr - abr = 0$$

$$\sigma_a^2: \quad \frac{ab^2r^2}{(br)^2} + \frac{ab^2r^2(r-1)}{(br)^2} + \frac{ab^2(b-1)r^3}{(br)^2}$$

$$- \frac{(abr)^2}{(abr)^2} - \frac{(abr)^2(r-1)}{(abr)^2} - \frac{a^2b^2(b-1)r^3}{(abr)^2}$$

$$= \underbrace{a + a(r-1) + a(b-1)r}_{abr} - \underbrace{1 - (r-1) - (b-1)r}_{br} = br(a-1)$$

22-141 50 SHEETS
22-142 100 SHEETS
22-144 200 SHEETS
AMV

$$\sigma_b^2: \frac{ab^2r^2}{(br)^2} + \frac{ab^2r^2(r-1)}{(br)^2} - \frac{(abr)^2}{(abr)^2} - \frac{(abr)^2(r-1)}{(abr)^2} - \frac{a^2(a-1)b^2r^3}{(abr)^2}$$

$$= a + a(r-1) - 1 - (r-1) - (a-1)r$$

$$= ar - ar = 0$$

$$\sigma_{ab}^2: \frac{ab^2r^2}{(br)^2} + \frac{ab^2r^2(r-1)}{(br)^2} - \frac{(abr)^2}{(abr)^2} - \frac{(abr)^2(r-1)}{(abr)^2}$$

$$= a + a(r-1) - 1 - \cancel{r}(r-1)$$

$$= ar - r = r(a-1)$$

$$\sigma_e^2: \frac{ab^2r^2}{(br)^2} - \frac{(abr)^2}{(abr)^2} = a-1$$

$$\Rightarrow E[SSA] = br(a-1)\sigma_a^2 + r(a-1)\sigma_{ab}^2 + (a-1)\sigma_e^2$$

$$\Rightarrow E[MSA] = E\left[\frac{SSA}{a-1}\right] = br\sigma_a^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma_e^2$$

By analogy:

$$E[MSB] = ar\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma_e^2$$



ANOVA - 2 Factor RANDOM EFFECTS MODEL

Source	df	SS	MS	E[MS]
A	a-1	$br \sum_i (\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{...})^2$	$\frac{SSA}{a-1}$	$\sigma_e^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + br\sigma_a^2$
B	b-1	$ar \sum_j (\bar{y}_{.j.} - \bar{y}_{...})^2$	$\frac{SSB}{b-1}$	$\sigma_e^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + ar\sigma_b^2$
AxB	$(a-1)(b-1)$	$r \sum_{i,j} (\bar{y}_{ij.} - \bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{.j.} + \bar{y}_{...})^2$	$\frac{SSAB}{(a-1)(b-1)}$	$\sigma_e^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2$
ERROR	$ab(r-1)$	$\sum_{i,j,k} (y_{ijk} - \bar{y}_{ij.})^2$	$\frac{SSE}{ab(r-1)}$	σ_e^2
TOTAL	$abr-1$	$\sum_{i,j,k} (y_{ijk} - \bar{y}_{...})^2$	—	—

Test For Interaction

$H_0: \sigma_{ab}^2 = 0 \quad H_A: \sigma_{ab}^2 > 0$

T.S. $F_{AB} = \frac{MSAB}{MSE}$

RR: $F_{AB} \geq F_{\alpha, (a-1)(b-1), ab(r-1)}$

P-VALUE = $P(F \geq F_{AB} | F \sim F_{(a-1)(b-1), ab(r-1)})$

Tests For Main Effects

$H_0: \sigma_A^2 = 0 \quad H_A: \sigma_A^2 > 0$

T.S. $F_A = \frac{MSA}{MSAB}$

RR: $F_A \geq F_{\alpha, a-1, (a-1)(b-1)}$

P-VALUE = $P(F \geq F_A | F \sim F_{a-1, (a-1)(b-1)})$

$H_0: \sigma_B^2 = 0 \quad H_A: \sigma_B^2 > 0$

T.S. $F_B = \frac{MSB}{MSAB}$

RR: $F_B \geq F_{\alpha, b-1, (a-1)(b-1)}$

P-VAL = $P(F \geq F_B | F \sim F_{b-1, (a-1)(b-1)})$

22-142 100 SHEETS
 22-143 200 SHEETS
 ANOVA

3-FACTOR MODEL

$$Y_{ijkl} = \mu + a_i + b_j + c_k + (ab)_{ij} + (ac)_{ik} + (bc)_{jk} + (abc)_{ijk} + e_{ijkl}$$

$i=1, \dots, a \quad j=1, \dots, b \quad k=1, \dots, c \quad l=1, \dots, r$

$$a_i \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma_a^2) \quad b_j \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma_b^2) \quad c_k \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma_c^2)$$

$$(ab)_{ij} \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma_{ab}^2) \quad (ac)_{ik} \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma_{ac}^2) \quad (bc)_{jk} \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma_{bc}^2)$$

$$(abc)_{ijk} \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma_{abc}^2) \quad e_{ijkl} \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma^2)$$

All terms are ^{Pairwise} mutually independent

$$SSA = bcr \sum_i (\bar{y}_{i...} - \bar{y}_{...})^2 \quad E[MSA] = \sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + br\sigma_{ac}^2 + cr\sigma_{ab}^2 + bcr\sigma_a^2$$

$$SSAB = cr \sum_i \sum_j (\bar{y}_{ij..} - \bar{y}_{i...} - \bar{y}_{.j..} + \bar{y}_{...})^2 \quad E[MSAB] = \sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + cr\sigma_{ab}^2$$


$$SSABC = r \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (\bar{y}_{ijk.} - \bar{y}_{ij..} - \bar{y}_{i.k.} - \bar{y}_{.jk.} + \bar{y}_{i...} + \bar{y}_{.j..} + \bar{y}_{.k.} - \bar{y}_{...})^2$$

$$E[MSABC] = \sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2$$

$$SSE = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k \sum_l (y_{ijkl} - \bar{y}_{ijk.})^2 \quad E[MSE] = \sigma^2$$

ANOVA

SOURCE	df	E[MS]
A	a-1	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + br\sigma_{ac}^2 + cr\sigma_{ab}^2 + bcr\sigma_a^2$
B	b-1	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + ar\sigma_{bc}^2 + cr\sigma_{ab}^2 + acr\sigma_b^2$
C	c-1	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + ar\sigma_{bc}^2 + br\sigma_{ac}^2 + abr\sigma_c^2$
AB	(a-1)(b-1)	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + cr\sigma_{ab}^2$
AC	(a-1)(c-1)	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + br\sigma_{ac}^2$
BC	(b-1)(c-1)	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + ar\sigma_{bc}^2$
ABC	(a-1)(b-1)(c-1)	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2$
Error	abc(r-1)	σ^2
TOTAL	abc r - 1	—

22-142 100 SHEETS
 22-144 200 SHEETS


TESTING FOR B-FACTOR INTERACTION

$$H_0: \sigma_{abc}^2 = 0 \quad H_A: \sigma_{abc}^2 > 0$$

$$T.S. F_{ABC} = \frac{MS_{ABC}}{MSE}$$

$$R.R.: F_{ABC} \geq F_{\alpha, (a-1)(b-1)(c-1), abc(r-1)}$$

$$P\text{-VALUE: } P(F \geq F_{ABC} \mid F \sim F_{(a-1)(b-1)(c-1), abc(r-1)})$$

Testing for 2-FACTOR INTERACTIONS

$$H_0: \sigma_{ab}^2 = 0 \quad H_A: \sigma_{ab}^2 > 0$$

$$T.S. F_{AB} = \frac{MS_{AB}}{MS_{ABC}}$$

$$R.R.: F_{AB} \geq F_{\alpha, (a-1)(b-1), (a-1)(b-1)(c-1)}$$

$$P\text{-VALUE: } P(F \geq F_{AB} \mid F \sim F_{(a-1)(b-1), (a-1)(b-1)(c-1)})$$

(obvious changes for testing $\sigma_{bc}^2, \sigma_{ac}^2$)

Testing for ~~B-FACTOR~~ MAIN EFFECTS

NO CLEAR "DENOMINATOR" FOR $MS_A, MS_B,$ OR MS_C

$$E[MS_A]: \sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + br\sigma_{ac}^2 + cr\sigma_{ab}^2 + bcr\sigma_a^2$$

$$E[MS_{AB}]: \sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + cr\sigma_{ab}^2$$

$$E[MS_{AC}]: \sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + br\sigma_{ac}^2$$

$$E[MS_{ABC}]: \sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2$$

$$E[MS_A - MS_{AB} - MS_{AC} + MS_{ABC}]: 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + bcr\sigma_a^2$$

$$\frac{E[MS_A + MS_{ABC}]}{E[MS_{AB} + MS_{AC}]} = \frac{2\sigma^2 + 2r\sigma_{abc}^2 + br\sigma_{ac}^2 + cr\sigma_{ab}^2 + bcr\sigma_a^2}{2\sigma^2 + 2r\sigma_{abc}^2 + br\sigma_{ac}^2 + cr\sigma_{ab}^2}$$

SATTERTHWAITE'S APPROXIMATION FOR DEGREE
OF FREEDOM FOR "SYNTHETIC F-TEST" EQ 5.27 on p.169

$$M_1 = MSA + MSABC$$

$$M_2 = MSAB + MSAC$$

$$N_1^A = \frac{M_1^2}{\frac{MSA^2}{a-1} + \frac{MSABC^2}{(a-1)(b-1)(c-1)}}$$

$$N_2^A = \frac{M_2^2}{\frac{MSAB^2}{(a-1)(b-1)} + \frac{MSAC^2}{(a-1)(c-1)}}$$

$$H_0: \sigma_a^2 = 0 \quad H_A: \sigma_a^2 > 0$$

$$T.S.: F_A = \frac{MSA + MSABC}{MSAB + MSAC}$$

$$RR: F_A \geq F_{\alpha, N_1^A, N_2^A}$$

$$P\text{-VALUE: } P(F \geq F_A | F \sim F_{N_1^A, N_2^A})$$

OBVIOUS ADJUSTMENTS FOR σ_b^2, σ_c^2

2-FACTOR MIXED EFFECTS MODEL (A FIXED, B RANDOM)

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu + \alpha_i + b_j + (ab)_{ij} + e_{ijk} \quad \begin{array}{l} i=1, \dots, a \\ j=1, \dots, b \\ k=1, \dots, r \end{array}$$

$$\sum_i \alpha_i = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} b_j \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma_b^2) \\ (ab)_{ij} \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma_{ab}^2) \\ e_{ijk} \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma^2) \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{mutually} \\ \text{pairwise} \\ \text{independent} \end{array}$$

$$E[Y_{ijk}] = \mu + \alpha_i \quad V[Y_{ijk}] = \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cov}(Y_{ijk}, Y_{ijk'}) &= \text{Cov}[\mu + \alpha_i + b_j + (ab)_{ij} + e_{ijk}, \mu + \alpha_i + b_j + (ab)_{ij} + e_{ijk'}] \\ &= \text{Cov}(b_j + (ab)_{ij} + e_{ijk}, b_j + (ab)_{ij} + e_{ijk'}) \\ &= \text{Cov}(b_j, b_j) + \text{Cov}((ab)_{ij}, (ab)_{ij}) + 0 = \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Cov}(Y_{ijk}, Y_{i'j'k'}) = \text{Cov}(b_j + (ab)_{ij} + e_{ijk}, b_{j'} + (ab)_{i'j'} + e_{i'j'k'}) = 0$$

$$\text{Cov}(Y_{ijk}, Y_{i'j'k}) = \text{Cov}(b_j + (ab)_{ij} + e_{ijk}, b_j + (ab)_{i'j} + e_{i'j'k}) = \sigma_b^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Cov}(Y_{ijk}, Y_{i'j'k'}) = \begin{cases} \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2 & i=i', j=j', k=k' \\ \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 & i=i', j=j', k \neq k' \\ \sigma_b^2 & i \neq i', j=j' \\ 0 & j \neq j' \end{cases}$$

$$E[Y_{ijk}] = \mu + \alpha_i \quad V[Y_{ijk}] = \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$\Rightarrow E[Y_{ijk}^2] = (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$E[\bar{Y}_{ij.}] = \mu + \alpha_i$$

$$V[\bar{Y}_{ij.}] = V\left[\frac{1}{r} \sum_k Y_{ijk}\right] = \frac{1}{r^2} V\left[\sum_k Y_{ijk}\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{r^2} \left[\sum_k V(Y_{ijk}) + 2 \sum_{k < k'} \text{Cov}(Y_{ijk}, Y_{ijk'}) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{r^2} \left[r(\sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) + r(r-1)(\sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow E[\bar{Y}_{ij.}^2] = (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 + \frac{1}{r} \left[(\sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) + (r-1)(\sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) \right]$$

$$= (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 + \frac{1}{r} \left[r\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2 \right]$$

$$E[\bar{Y}_{i..}] = \mu + \alpha_i$$

$$V[\bar{Y}_{i..}] = V\left[\frac{1}{br} \sum_j \sum_k Y_{ijk}\right] = \left(\frac{1}{br}\right)^2 V\left[\sum_j \sum_k Y_{ijk}\right]$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{br}\right)^2 \left[\sum_j \sum_k V(Y_{ijk}) + 2 \sum_j \sum_{k < k'} \text{Cov}(Y_{ijk}, Y_{ijk'}) \right]$$

$$+ \sum_{j \neq j'} \sum_{k, k'} \text{Cov}(Y_{ijk}, Y_{ij'k'})$$

$b(b-1)r^2 \text{ terms}$

$br + br(r-1)$
 $= br^2$

$br^2 +$
 $b(b-1)r^2$
 $= b^2r^2$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{br}\right)^2 \left[br(\sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) + br(r-1)(\sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) \right]$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{br}\right)^2 \left[br^2\sigma_b^2 + br^2\sigma_{ab}^2 + br\sigma^2 \right] = \frac{1}{br} \left[r\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2 \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow E[\bar{y}_{i..}^2] = (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 + \frac{1}{br} [r\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2]$$

$$E[\bar{y}_{.j.}] = \mu \quad (\text{summed over } i; \sum \alpha_i = 0)$$

$$V[\bar{y}_{.j.}] = V\left[\frac{1}{ar} \sum_i \sum_k y_{ijk}\right] = \left(\frac{1}{ar}\right)^2 V\left[\sum_i \sum_k y_{ijk}\right]$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{ar}\right)^2 \left[\sum_i \sum_k V(y_{ijk}) + \sum_i \sum_{k \neq k'} \sum_{k''} \sum_{k'''} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{i'jk'}) \right]$$

ar terms
 $a(a-1)r^2$ terms

$$+ 2 \sum_i \sum_{k < k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{ijk'})$$

$a(r-1)$ terms

22-141 50 SHEETS
22-142 100 SHEETS
22-144 200 SHEETS

$$\frac{ar + ar(r-1)}{ar^2} + \frac{a(a-1)r^2}{= ar^2}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{ar}\right)^2 \left[ar(\sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) + a(a-1)r^2\sigma_b^2 + ar(r-1)(\sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2) \right]$$

~~$$= \frac{1}{ar} \left[(ar + a(a-1)r^2 + ar(r-1))\sigma_b^2 + ar(r-1)\sigma_{ab}^2 \right]$$~~

$$= \frac{1}{ar} \left[\sigma_b^2 (1 + (a-1)r + (r-1)) + \sigma_{ab}^2 (1 + (r-1)) + \sigma^2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{ar} [ar\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2]$$

$$\Rightarrow E[\bar{y}_{.j.}^2] = \mu^2 + \frac{1}{ar} [ar\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2]$$

$$E[\bar{y}_{...}] = \mu$$

$$V[\bar{y}_{...}] = V\left[\frac{1}{abr} \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}\right] = \left(\frac{1}{abr}\right)^2 V\left[\sum_i \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}\right]$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{abr}\right)^2 \left[\sum_i \sum_j \sum_k V(y_{ijk}) + 2 \sum_i \sum_j \sum_{k < k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{ijk'}) \right]$$

$$+ \sum_{i \neq i'} \sum_j \sum_k \sum_{k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{i'jk'}) + \sum_i \sum_{j \neq j'} \sum_k \sum_{k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{ij'k'})$$

$2(a-1)br^2$ terms
 $a^2 b(b-1)r^2$ terms

$$\frac{abr + abr(r-1)}{a^2 b^2 r^2} + \frac{a^2 b(b-1)r^2}{a^2 b^2 r^2}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{abr}\right)^2 \left[abr(\sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) + abr(r-1)(\sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{as}^2) + a(a-1)br^2 \sigma_b^2 + a^2 b(b-1)r^2(0) \right]$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{abr}\right)^2 \left[\sigma_b^2 (1 + (r-1) + (a-1)r) + \sigma_{as}^2 (1 + (r-1)) + \sigma^2(1) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{abr} \left[ar\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{as}^2 + \sigma^2 \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow E[\bar{y}_{...}] = \mu^2 + \frac{1}{abr} \left[ar\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{as}^2 + \sigma^2 \right]$$

22-141 50 SHEETS
22-142 100 SHEETS
22-144 200 SHEETS
ANGLO

$$SSE = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}^2 - r \sum_i \sum_j \bar{y}_{ij}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow E[SSE] = \left\{ br \left[\sum_i (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 \right] + abr (\sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) \right\}$$

$$- r \left\{ b \sum_i (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 + ab \left(\frac{1}{r} \right) [r\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2] \right\}$$

$$= \sum_i (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 \{ br - br \} + \sigma_b^2 [abr - abr] + \sigma_{ab}^2 [abr - abr] + \sigma^2 [abr - ab] = ab(r-1)\sigma^2$$

$$\Rightarrow E[MSE] = E\left[\frac{SSE}{ab(r-1)} \right] = \sigma^2$$

$$SSAB = r \sum_i \sum_j \bar{y}_{ij}^2 - rb \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2 - ab \sum_j \bar{y}_{.j.}^2 + abr \bar{y}_{...}^2$$

Taking Expectations:

$$\textcircled{1} = r \left\{ b \sum_i (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 + ab \left(\frac{1}{r} \right) [r\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2] \right\}$$

$$\textcircled{2} = rb \left\{ \sum_i (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 + a \left(\frac{1}{br} \right) [r\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2] \right\}$$

$$\textcircled{3} = ab \left\{ b\mu^2 + b \left(\frac{1}{ar} \right) [ar\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2] \right\}$$

$$\textcircled{4} = abr \left\{ \mu^2 + \frac{1}{abr} [ar\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2] \right\}$$

$$\textcircled{1} - \textcircled{2} - \textcircled{3} + \textcircled{4} =$$

$$\sigma_b^2 [abr - ar - abr + ar] + \sigma_{ab}^2 [abr - ar - abr + ar] - br + r + \sigma^2 [ab - a - b + 1] = r(a-1)(b-1)\sigma_{ab}^2 + (a-1)(b-1)\sigma^2$$

$$\Rightarrow E[MSAB] = E\left(\frac{SSAB}{(a-1)(b-1)}\right) = r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$SSA = br \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2 - abr \bar{y}_{...}^2$$

$$E[SSA] = \left\{ br \sum_i (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 + abr \left[\frac{1}{br} (r\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) \right] \right\} - abr \left\{ \mu^2 + \frac{1}{abr} [ar\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2] \right\}$$

$$= br \left\{ a\mu^2 + 2 \sum_i \alpha_i \mu + \sum_i \alpha_i^2 \right\} - abr \mu^2$$

$$+ \sigma_b^2 [ar - ar] + \sigma_{ab}^2 [ar - r] + \sigma^2 [a-1]$$

$$= br \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 (r(a-1)) + \sigma^2 (a-1)$$

$$\Rightarrow E[MSA] = E\left(\frac{SSA}{a-1}\right) = \sigma^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \frac{br \sum_i \alpha_i^2}{a-1}$$

$$SSB = ar \sum_j \bar{y}_{.j.}^2 - abr \bar{y}_{...}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow E[SSB] = [abr\mu^2 + abr \left(\frac{1}{ar}\right) (ar\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2)] - abr \left\{ \mu^2 + \frac{1}{abr} [ar\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2] \right\}$$

$$= \mu^2 (abr - abr) + \sigma_b^2 (abr - ar) + \sigma_{ab}^2 [br - r] + \sigma^2 [b-1]$$

$$= ar(b-1)\sigma_b^2 + r(b-1)\sigma_{ab}^2 + (b-1)\sigma^2$$

$$\Rightarrow E[MSB] = E\left[\frac{SSB}{b-1}\right] = ar\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2$$

ANOVA - 2 Factor Mixed Effects Model

Source	df	E[MS]
A (Fixed)	a-1	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \frac{br\sum\alpha_i^2}{a-1}$
B (RANDOM)	b-1	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + ar\sigma_b^2$
AxB (RANDOM)	(a-1)(b-1)	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2$
ERROR	ab(r-1)	σ^2
TOTAL	abr-1	—

Test for Interaction

$H_0: \sigma_{ab}^2 = 0 \quad H_A: \sigma_{ab}^2 > 0$

T.S. $F_{AB} = \frac{MSAB}{MSE}$

RR: $F_{AB} \geq F_{\alpha, (a-1)(b-1), ab(r-1)}$

P-VALUE: $P(F \geq F_{AB} | F \sim F_{(a-1)(b-1), ab(r-1)})$

Tests for Main Effects

Factor A (Fixed)

$H_0: \alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \dots = \alpha_a = 0$
 $H_A: \text{NOT ALL } \alpha_i = 0$

T.S. $F_A = \frac{MSA}{MSAB}$

RR: $F_A \geq F_{\alpha, a-1, (a-1)(b-1)}$

Factor B (Random)

$H_0: \sigma_b^2 = 0 \quad H_A: \sigma_b^2 > 0$

T.S. $F_B = \frac{MSB}{MSAB}$

RR: $F_B \geq F_{\alpha, b-1, (a-1)(b-1)}$

22-141 50 SHEETS
 22-142 100 SHEETS
 22-144 200 SHEETS
 (continued)

STD ERRORS FOR FIXED FACTOR MEANS

Factor A @ Levels i, i' in Factor B @ j See P. 7.15

$$\begin{aligned} V[\bar{y}_{ij.}] &= \frac{1}{r^2} [r(\sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2) + r(r-1)(\sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2)] \\ &= \frac{1}{r^2} [\sigma_b^2(r + r^2 - r) + \sigma_{ab}^2(r + r^2 - r) + \sigma^2(r)] \\ &= \sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \frac{\sigma^2}{r} = V[\bar{y}_{i'j.}] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cov}[\bar{y}_{ij.}, \bar{y}_{i'j.}] &= \text{Cov}\left[\frac{1}{r} \sum_k \bar{y}_{ijk}, \frac{1}{r} \sum_k \bar{y}_{i'jk}\right] \\ &= \frac{1}{r^2} \sum_k \sum_{k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{i'jk'}) = \frac{1}{r^2} (r^2 \sigma_b^2) = \sigma_b^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \text{Cov}[\bar{y}_{ij.} - \bar{y}_{i'j.}] &= 2[\sigma_b^2 + \sigma_{ab}^2 + \frac{\sigma^2}{r}] - 2\sigma_b^2 \\ &= 2[\sigma_{ab}^2 + \frac{\sigma^2}{r}] = \boxed{2 \left[\frac{\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2}{r} \right]} = \sigma_{\{\bar{y}_{ij.} - \bar{y}_{i'j.}\}}^2 \end{aligned}$$

NOTE: $E[MSAB] = \sigma^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 \Rightarrow \boxed{S_{\{\bar{y}_{ij.} - \bar{y}_{i'j.}\}}^2 = \frac{2MSAB}{r}}$

(SIMPLE EFFECT)
 $(1-\alpha) 100\%$ CI for $\mu_i - \mu_{i'}$ w/in j th level of B

$$(\bar{y}_{ij.} - \bar{y}_{i'j.}) \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, (a-1)(b-1)} \sqrt{\frac{2MSAB}{r}}$$

MARGINAL EFFECTS OF LEVELS OF FACTOR A

7.22

See ~~P. 7.15~~ P. 7.15

$$V[\bar{y}_{i..}] = \frac{1}{br} [r\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2] = V[\bar{y}_{i'..}]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cov}[\bar{y}_{i..}, \bar{y}_{i'..}] &= \text{Cov}\left[\frac{1}{br} \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}, \frac{1}{br} \sum_j \sum_k y_{i'jk}\right] \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{br}\right)^2 \left\{ \sum_j \sum_k \sum_{k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{i'jk'}) + \sum_{j \neq j'} \sum_k \sum_{k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{i'j'k'}) \right\} \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{br}\right)^2 \left\{ br^2 \sigma_b^2 + b(b-1)r^2(0) \right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{b} \sigma_b^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow V[\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{i'..}] &= V[\bar{y}_{i..}] + V[\bar{y}_{i'..}] - 2\text{Cov}[\bar{y}_{i..}, \bar{y}_{i'..}] \\ &= 2 \left\{ \frac{1}{br} [r\sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2] - \frac{1}{b} \sigma_b^2 \right\} \\ &= 2 \left\{ \sigma_b^2 \left(\frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{b} \sigma_{ab}^2 + \frac{1}{br} \sigma^2 \right\} = 2 \left\{ \frac{r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2}{br} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma^2_{\{\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{i'..}\}} = 2 \left\{ \frac{r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2}{br} \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow S^2_{\{\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{i'..}\}} = 2 \left\{ \frac{MSAB}{br} \right\} \quad (E(MSAB) = r\sigma_{ab}^2 + \sigma^2)$$

(1- α)100% CI for $\mu_i - \mu_{i'}$ (MAIN EFFECT)

$$(\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{i'..}) \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, (a-1)(b-1)} \sqrt{\frac{2 MSAB}{br}}$$


3-FACTOR MIXED EFFECTS MODEL

Source	A FIXED, B/C RANDOM	A/B FIXED, C RANDOM
A	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + rb\sigma_{ac}^2 + rbc\sigma_a^2$	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + rb\sigma_{ac}^2 + rbc\sigma_a^2$
B	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2 + ra\sigma_{bc}^2 + rac\sigma_b^2$	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + ra\sigma_{bc}^2 + rac\sigma_b^2$
C	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + rb\sigma_{ac}^2 + ra\sigma_{bc}^2 + rab\sigma_c^2$	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + rb\sigma_{ac}^2 + ra\sigma_{bc}^2 + rab\sigma_c^2$
AB	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2$	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + r\sigma_{ab}^2$
AC	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + rb\sigma_{ac}^2$	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + rb\sigma_{ac}^2$
BC	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + ra\sigma_{bc}^2$	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2 + ra\sigma_{bc}^2$
ABC	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2$	$\sigma^2 + r\sigma_{abc}^2$
Error	σ^2	σ^2

TEST	TEST STATISTIC	TEST STATISTIC
ABC	$F_{ABC} = \frac{MS_{ABC}}{MSE}$	$F_{ABC} = \frac{MS_{ABC}}{MSE}$
AB	$F_{AB} = \frac{MS_{AB}}{MS_{ABC}}$	$F_{AB} = \frac{MS_{AB}}{MS_{ABC}}$
AC	$F_{AC} = \frac{MS_{AC}}{MS_{ABC}}$	$F_{AC} = \frac{MS_{AC}}{MS_{ABC}}$
BC	$F_{BC} = \frac{MS_{BC}}{MS_{ABC}}$	$F_{BC} = \frac{MS_{BC}}{MS_{ABC}}$
A	$F_A = \frac{MS_A + \frac{MS_{ABC}}{r}}{MS_{AB} + MS_{AC}}$ (**)	$F_A = \frac{MS_A}{MS_{AC}}$
B	$F_B = \frac{MS_B + \frac{MS_{ABC}}{r}}{MS_{AB} + MS_{AC}}$ (**)	$F_B = \frac{MS_B}{MS_{BC}}$
C	$F_C = \frac{MS_C + \frac{MS_{ABC}}{r}}{MS_{AC} + MS_{BC}}$ (**)	$F_C = \frac{MS_C + \frac{MS_{ABC}}{r}}{MS_{AC} + MS_{BC}}$ (**)

(*) $\sigma_a^2 = \frac{\sum \alpha_i^2}{a-1}$ $\sigma_b^2 = \frac{\sum \beta_j^2}{b-1}$ $\sigma_{ab}^2 = \frac{\sum \sum (\alpha\beta)_{ij}^2}{(a-1)(b-1)}$

(**) Use Satterthwaite's approx. for d.f. (Eq 5.27)

22-141 50 SHEETS
 22-142 100 SHEETS
 22-144 200 SHEETS


NESTED FACTOR DESIGNS

Levels of FACTOR B ARE "NESTED" UNDER LEVELS OF FACTOR A.

EXAMPLE -

① A & B "FIXED"

A - SODA BRAND (COKE VS PEPSI)

B - RESTAURANT ESTABLISHMENT (ESTABLISHMENTS "ALIGN" WITH BRANDS)

Y = ~~S~~ CAFFEINE CONTENT

② A FIXED - B RANDOM

A - REGION (NE, MW, S, W)

B - SCHOOL DISTRICT (SCHOOL DISTRICTS WITHIN REGIONS)

Y = Teacher's salaries

③ A RANDOM - B RANDOM

A - YARN PRODUCER (MANY SMALL PRODUCERS, FEW SAMPLED)

B - BATCH OF YARN (SEVERAL ROLLS SAMPLED FROM EACH PRODUCER)

STATISTICAL MODELS

① A; B FIXED

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu + \alpha_i + \beta_j(i) + e_{k(ij)} \quad \begin{matrix} i=1, \dots, a \\ j=1, \dots, b \\ k=1, \dots, c \end{matrix}$$

$$e_{k(ij)} \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma^2)$$

$$\sum_j \beta_j(i) = 0 \quad \forall i \quad \sum_i \alpha_i = 0$$



(2) A FIXED / B RANDOM

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu + \alpha_i + b_{j(i)} + e_{k(ij)} \quad \begin{array}{l} i=1, \dots, a \\ j=1, \dots, b \\ k=1, \dots, c \end{array}$$

$$e_{k(ij)} \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma^2) \quad b_{j(i)} \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma_{b(a)}^2) \quad \{e\} \perp \{b\}$$

$$\sum_i \alpha_i = 0$$

(3) A & B RANDOM

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu + a_i + b_{j(i)} + e_{k(ij)} \quad \begin{array}{l} i=1, \dots, a \\ j=1, \dots, b \\ k=1, \dots, c \end{array}$$

$$a_i \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma_a^2) \quad b_{j(i)} \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma_{b(a)}^2) \quad e_{k(ij)} \sim \text{NID}(0, \sigma^2)$$

$$\{a_i\} \perp \{b_{j(i)}\} \perp \{e_{k(ij)}\} \quad (\sigma^2 = \sigma_{c(b)}^2 \text{ in Krutik's notation})$$

SUMS OF SQUARES

$$SSA = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{...})^2 = bc \sum_i (\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{...})^2 \quad df_A = a-1$$

$$SSB(A) = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (\bar{y}_{ij.} - \bar{y}_{i..})^2 = c \sum_i \sum_j (\bar{y}_{ij.} - \bar{y}_{i..})^2 \quad df_{B(A)} = a(b-1)$$

$$SSE = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (y_{ijk} - \bar{y}_{ij.})^2 = (c-1) \sum_i \sum_j s_{ij}^2 \quad df_E = ab(c-1)$$

NOTE: $SSA = bc \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2 - abc \bar{y}_{...}^2$

$$SSB(A) = c \sum_i \sum_j \bar{y}_{ij.}^2 - bc \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2$$

$$SSE = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}^2 - c \sum_i \sum_j \bar{y}_{ij.}^2$$

(1) A FIXED, B FIXED

$$E[y_{ijk}] = \mu + \alpha_i + \beta_{j(i)} \quad V[y_{ijk}] = \sigma^2$$

$$E[y_{ijk}^2] = [\mu + \alpha_i + \beta_{j(i)}]^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$E\left\{\sum_i \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}^2\right\} = \left\{\sum_i \sum_j \sum_k [\mu^2 + \alpha_i^2 + \beta_{j(i)}^2 + 2\mu\alpha_i + 2\mu\beta_{j(i)} + 2\alpha_i\beta_{j(i)} + abc\sigma^2]\right\}$$

$$= abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + c \sum_i \sum_j \beta_{j(i)}^2 + 2bc\mu \sum_i \alpha_i + 2c\mu \sum_i \sum_j \beta_{j(i)} + 2c \sum_j \beta_{j(i)} \sum_i \alpha_i + abc\sigma^2$$

$$= \boxed{abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + c \sum_i \sum_j \beta_{j(i)}^2 + abc\sigma^2 = E\left[\sum_i \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}^2\right]}$$

$$E[\bar{y}_{ij.}] = \mu + \alpha_i + \beta_{j(i)} \quad V[\bar{y}_{ij.}] = \frac{\sigma^2}{c}$$

$$E[\bar{y}_{ij.}^2] = [\mu + \alpha_i + \beta_{j(i)}]^2 + \frac{\sigma^2}{c}$$

$$E\left[c \sum_i \sum_j \bar{y}_{ij.}^2\right] = c \sum_i \sum_j (\mu + \alpha_i + \beta_{j(i)})^2 + ab\sigma^2$$

$$= abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + c \sum_i \sum_j \beta_{j(i)}^2 + 2bc\mu \sum_i \alpha_i + 2c\mu \sum_i \sum_j \beta_{j(i)} + 2c \sum_j \beta_{j(i)} \sum_i \alpha_i + ab\sigma^2$$

$$= \boxed{abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + c \sum_i \sum_j \beta_{j(i)}^2 + ab\sigma^2 = E\left[c \sum_i \sum_j \bar{y}_{ij.}^2\right]}$$

A: B FIXED

(7.27)

$$E[\bar{y}_{i..}] = \mu + \alpha_i + \sum_j \beta_{j(i)}^0 = \mu + \alpha_i$$

$$V[\bar{y}_{i..}] = \frac{\sigma^2}{bc}$$

$$E[\bar{y}_{i..}^2] = (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 + \frac{\sigma^2}{bc}$$

$$E[bc \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2] = bc \sum_i (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 + abc \frac{\sigma^2}{bc}$$

$$= bc \sum_i (\mu^2 + 2\alpha_i\mu + \alpha_i^2) + c\sigma^2$$

$$= abc\mu^2 + 2bc \sum_i \alpha_i^0 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + c\sigma^2$$

$$= \boxed{abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + c\sigma^2 = E[bc \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2]}$$

$$E[\bar{y}_{...}] = \mu + \sum_i \alpha_i^0 + \sum_{i,j} \beta_{j(i)}^0 = \mu$$

$$V[\bar{y}_{...}] = \frac{\sigma^2}{abc}$$

$$E[\bar{y}_{...}^2] = \mu^2 + \frac{\sigma^2}{abc} \Rightarrow \boxed{E[abc \bar{y}_{...}^2] = abc\mu^2 + \sigma^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow E[SSA] = [abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + c\sigma^2] - [abc\mu^2 + \sigma^2]$$

$$= bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + (a-1)\sigma^2 \Rightarrow \boxed{E[MSA] = \frac{bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2}{a-1} + \sigma^2}$$

$$E(SSB(A)) = [abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + c \sum_{i,j} \beta_{j(i)}^2 + abc\sigma^2] - [abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + c\sigma^2]$$

$$= c \sum_{i,j} \beta_{j(i)}^2 + \sigma^2 a(b-1) \Rightarrow \boxed{E(MS_{B(A)}) = \frac{c \sum_{i,j} \beta_{j(i)}^2}{a(b-1)} + \sigma^2}$$



A, B FIXED

7.28

$$E[SSE] = [abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + c \sum_j \sum_i \beta_{j(i)}^2 + abc\sigma^2] - [abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + c \sum_j \sum_i \beta_{j(i)}^2 + abc\sigma^2]$$

$$= abc(c-1)\sigma^2 \Rightarrow E[MSE] = \sigma^2$$

ANOVA (A, B FIXED)

SOURCE	df	SS	E[MS]
A	a-1	$bc \sum_i (\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{...})^2$	$\frac{bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2}{a-1} + \sigma^2$
B(A)	a(b-1)	$c \sum_j \sum_i (\bar{y}_{ij.} - \bar{y}_{i..})^2$	$\frac{c \sum_j \sum_i \beta_{j(i)}^2}{a(b-1)} + \sigma^2$
Error (C(B(A)))	ab(c-1)	$\sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (y_{ijk} - \bar{y}_{ij.})^2$	σ^2
TOTAL	abc-1	$\sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (y_{ijk} - \bar{y}_{...})^2$	

Nested Factor Effect

$H_0: \beta_{j(i)} = 0 \quad \forall i, j$

$H_A: \text{NOT ALL } \beta_{j(i)} = 0$

T.S. $F_{B(A)} = \frac{MS_{B(A)}}{MSE}$

RR: $F_{B(A)} \geq F_{\alpha, a(b-1), ab(c-1)}$

Nesting Factor Effect

$H_0: \alpha_i = 0 \quad \forall i$

$H_A: \text{Not all } \alpha_i = 0$

T.S. $F_A = \frac{MS_A}{MSE}$

RR: $F_A \geq F_{\alpha, a-1, ab(c-1)}$

Comparing Levels of B within levels of A

$$E[\bar{y}_{ij} - \bar{y}_{ij'}] = [\mu + \alpha_i + \beta_{j(i)}] - [\mu + \alpha_i + \beta_{j'(i)}]$$

$$= \beta_{j(i)} - \beta_{j'(i)}$$

$$V[\bar{y}_{ij} - \bar{y}_{ij'}] = \frac{2\sigma^2}{c} = S_{\{\bar{y}_{ij} - \bar{y}_{ij'}\}}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow S_{\{\bar{y}_{ij} - \bar{y}_{ij'}\}}^2 = \frac{2MSE}{c}$$

$(1-\alpha)100\%$ CI for $\beta_{j(i)} - \beta_{j'(i)}$

$$(\bar{y}_{ij} - \bar{y}_{ij'}) \pm t_{\alpha/2, ab(c-1)} \sqrt{\frac{2MSE}{c}}$$

Comparing Levels of Factor A

$$E[\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{i'..}] = [\mu + \alpha_i + \sum_j \beta_{j(i)}] - [\mu + \alpha_{i'} + \sum_j \beta_{j(i')}]$$

$$= \alpha_i - \alpha_{i'}$$

$$V[\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{i'..}] = \frac{2\sigma^2}{bc} \Rightarrow S_{\{\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{i'..}\}}^2 = \frac{2MSE}{bc}$$

$(1-\alpha)100\%$ CI for $\alpha_i - \alpha_{i'}$

$$(\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{i'..}) \pm t_{\alpha/2, ab(c-1)} \sqrt{\frac{2MSE}{bc}}$$

(2) A FIXED / B RANDOM

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu + \alpha_i + b_{j(i)} + \epsilon_{k(ij)} \quad \begin{matrix} i=1, \dots, a \\ j=1, \dots, b \\ k=1, \dots, c \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{Cov}(Y_{ijk}, Y_{i'j'k'}) = \begin{cases} \sigma_b^2 + \sigma^2 & i=i', j=j', k=k' \\ \sigma_b^2 & i=i', j=j', k \neq k' \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

$$E[\bar{y}_{...}] = \mu$$

$$V[\bar{y}_{...}] = V\left[\frac{1}{abc} \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k Y_{ijk}\right]$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{abc}\right)^2 V\left[\sum_i \sum_j \sum_k Y_{ijk}\right]$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{abc}\right)^2 \left\{ \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k V(Y_{ijk}) + \sum_i \sum_j \sum_{k \neq k'} \text{Cov}(Y_{ijk}, Y_{ij'k'}) \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{i \neq i'} \sum_j \sum_{k \neq k'} \text{Cov}(Y_{ijk}, Y_{i'j'k'}) \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{i \neq i'} \sum_{j \neq j'} \sum_{k \neq k'} \text{Cov}(Y_{ijk}, Y_{i'j'k'}) \right\}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{abc}\right)^2 \left\{ abc(\sigma_b^2 + \sigma^2) + abc(c-1)\sigma_b^2 \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{abc} \left\{ \sigma_b^2 + \sigma^2 + (c-1)\sigma_b^2 \right\} = \frac{1}{abc} \left\{ \sigma^2 + c\sigma_b^2 \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow E[\bar{y}_{...}^2] = \mu^2 + \frac{1}{abc} \left\{ \sigma^2 + c\sigma_b^2 \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow E[abc \bar{y}_{...}^2] = abc \mu^2 + \left\{ \sigma^2 + c\sigma_b^2 \right\}$$

NOTE: σ_b^2 is shorthand
for $\sigma_{b(a)}^2$

$$E[\bar{y}_{i..}] = \mu + \alpha_i$$

$$V[\bar{y}_{i..}] = V\left[\frac{1}{bc} \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}\right] = \left(\frac{1}{bc}\right)^2 V\left[\sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}\right]$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{bc}\right)^2 \left\{ \sum_j \sum_k V(y_{ijk}) + \sum_j \sum_{k \neq k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{ijk'}) \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{j \neq j'} \sum_{k, k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{ij'k'}) \right\}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{bc}\right)^2 \left\{ bc(\sigma_b^2 + \sigma^2) + bc(c-1)\sigma_b^2 \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{bc} \left\{ \sigma^2 + c\sigma_b^2 \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow E\{\bar{y}_{i..}^2\} = (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 + \frac{1}{bc} \left\{ \sigma^2 + c\sigma_b^2 \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow E\{bc \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2\} = bc \left\{ \sum_i (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 \right\} + a(\sigma^2 + c\sigma_b^2)$$

$$= bc \sum_i (\mu^2 + 2\mu\alpha_i + \alpha_i^2) + a(\sigma^2 + c\sigma_b^2)$$

$$= abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + a(\sigma^2 + c\sigma_b^2) = E\{bc \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2\}$$

$$E(\bar{y}_{ij.}) = \mu + \alpha_i$$

$$\begin{aligned} V[\bar{y}_{ij.}] &= V\left[\frac{1}{c} \sum_k y_{ijk}\right] = \frac{1}{c^2} V\left\{\sum_k y_{ijk}\right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{c^2} \left\{ \sum_k V(y_{ijk}) + \sum_{k \neq k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{ijk'}) \right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{c^2} \left\{ c(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_b^2) + c(c-1)\sigma_b^2 \right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{c} \left\{ \sigma_a^2 + c\sigma_b^2 \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow E\{\bar{y}_{ij.}^2\} = (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 + \frac{1}{c} \{\sigma_a^2 + c\sigma_b^2\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow E\left\{c \sum_{i,j} \bar{y}_{ij.}^2\right\} &= c \sum_{i,j} \left\{ (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 + \frac{1}{c} \{\sigma_a^2 + c\sigma_b^2\} \right\} \\ &= c \left\{ ab\mu^2 + 2b \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + b \sum_i \alpha_i^2 \right\} + abc \left(\frac{1}{c}\right) \{\sigma_a^2 + c\sigma_b^2\} \\ &= \boxed{abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + abc\sigma_a^2 + abc\sigma_b^2 = E\left\{c \sum_{i,j} \bar{y}_{ij.}^2\right\}} \end{aligned}$$

$$E(y_{ijk}) = \mu + \alpha_i$$

$$V[y_{ijk}] = \sigma_b^2 + \sigma^2 \Rightarrow E\{y_{ijk}^2\} = (\mu + \alpha_i)^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \sum_{i,j,k} E[y_{ijk}^2] &= abc \sum_{i,j,k} (\mu^2 + 2\alpha_i\mu + \alpha_i^2 + \sigma_b^2 + \sigma^2) \\ &= \sum_{i,j,k} (abc\mu^2 + 2abc\alpha_i\mu + abc\alpha_i^2 + abc\sigma_b^2 + abc\sigma^2) \\ &= \boxed{abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + abc\sigma_b^2 + abc\sigma^2 = \sum_{i,j,k} E(y_{ijk}^2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$SSA = bc \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2 - abc \bar{y}_{...}^2 \quad df_A = a-1$$

$$E\{SSA\} = \left\{ abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + a(\sigma^2 + c\sigma_b^2) \right\} - \left\{ abc\mu^2 + \sigma^2 + c\sigma_b^2 \right\}$$

$$= bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + \sigma^2(a-1) + \sigma_b^2 c(a-1)$$

$$\Rightarrow E[MSA] = \frac{bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2}{a-1} + c\sigma_b^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$SSB(A) = c \sum_{i,j} \bar{y}_{ij.}^2 - bc \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2 \quad df_{B(A)} = a(b-1)$$

$$E\{SSB(A)\} = \left\{ abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + ab\sigma^2 + abc\sigma_b^2 \right\}$$

$$- \left\{ abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + a(\sigma^2 + c\sigma_b^2) \right\}$$

$$= \left\{ \sigma^2(a(b-1)) + \sigma_b^2(ac(b-1)) \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow E[MSB(A)] = \sigma^2 + c\sigma_b^2$$

$$SSE = \sum_{i,j,k} y_{ijk}^2 - c \sum_{i,j} \bar{y}_{ij.}^2 \quad df_E = ab(c-1)$$

$$\Rightarrow E\{SSE\} = \left\{ abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + abc\sigma_b^2 + abc\sigma^2 \right\}$$

$$- \left\{ abc\mu^2 + bc \sum_i \alpha_i^2 + abc\sigma_b^2 + ab\sigma^2 \right\}$$

$$= ab(c-1)\sigma^2 \Rightarrow E[MSF] = \sigma^2$$

A FIXED/B RANDOM

(7.34)

ANOVA (A FIXED - B RANDOM)

SOURCE	df	E[MS]
A	a-1	$\sigma^2 + c\sigma_{\alpha}^2 + \frac{bc \sum \alpha_i^2}{a-1}$
B(A)	a(b-1)	$\sigma^2 + c\sigma_{b(a)}^2$
ERROR	ab(c-1)	σ^2
TOTAL	abc-1	

TEST	TEST STATISTIC	RR
A	$F_A = \frac{MSA}{MSB(A)}$	$F_A \geq F_{\alpha, a-1, a(b-1)}$
B(A)	$F_{B(A)} = \frac{MSB(A)}{MSE}$	$F_{B(A)} \geq F_{\alpha, a(b-1), ab(c-1)}$

Test A : $H_0 : \alpha_i = 0 \quad \forall i=1, \dots, a$
 $H_A : \text{Not all } \alpha_i = 0$

TEST B(A) : $H_0 : \sigma_{b(a)}^2 = 0$
 $H_A : \sigma_{b(a)}^2 > 0$



Comparing Levels of Factor A

$$E[\bar{y}_{i..}] = \mu + \alpha_i$$

$$V(\bar{y}_{i..}) = \frac{1}{bc} \{ \sigma^2 + c\sigma_{b(a)}^2 \}$$

$$\text{Cov}(\bar{y}_{i..}, \bar{y}_{i'..}) = \text{Cov}\left(\frac{1}{bc} \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}, \frac{1}{bc} \sum_j \sum_k y_{i'jk}\right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow E\{\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{i'..}\} = (\mu + \alpha_i) - (\mu + \alpha_{i'}) = \alpha_i - \alpha_{i'}$$

$$V\{\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{i'..}\} = \frac{2}{bc} [\sigma^2 + c\sigma_{b(a)}^2]$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum \{\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{i'..}\}^2 = \frac{2MSB(A)}{bc}$$

\Rightarrow $(1 - \alpha) 100\%$ CI for $\alpha_i - \alpha_{i'}$

$$(\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{i'..}) \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, a(b-1)} \sqrt{\frac{2MSB(A)}{bc}}$$

Bonferroni or Tukey Adjustments for
all pairwise comparisons

A RANDOM / B RANDOM

MODEL

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu + a_i + b_{j(i)} + e_{k(ij)} \quad \begin{matrix} i=1, \dots, a \\ j=1, \dots, b \\ k=1, \dots, c \end{matrix}$$

$$a_i \sim NID(0, \sigma_a^2) \quad b_{j(i)} \sim NID(0, \sigma_{b(i)}^2) \quad e_{k(ij)} \sim NID(0, \sigma^2)$$

$$\{a_i\} \perp \{b_{j(i)}\} \perp \{e_{k(ij)}\}$$

$$E\{Y_{ijk}\} = \mu$$

$$Cov\{Y_{ijk}, Y_{i'j'k'}\} = \begin{cases} \sigma_a^2 + \sigma_{b(i)}^2 + \sigma^2 & i=i', j=j', k=k' \\ \sigma_a^2 + \sigma_{b(i)}^2 & i=i', j=j', k \neq k' \\ \sigma_a^2 & i=i', j \neq j' \\ 0 & i \neq i' \end{cases}$$

$$E\{\bar{y}_{...}\} = \mu$$

$$\begin{aligned} V\{\bar{y}_{...}\} &= V\left\{\frac{1}{abc} \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k Y_{ijk}\right\} = \left(\frac{1}{abc}\right)^2 V\left\{\sum_i \sum_j \sum_k Y_{ijk}\right\} \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{abc}\right)^2 \left\{ \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k V(Y_{ijk}) + \sum_i \sum_j \sum_{k \neq k'} Cov(Y_{ijk}, Y_{ijk'}) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \sum_i \sum_{j \neq j'} \sum_k \sum_{k'} Cov(Y_{ijk}, Y_{ij'k'}) + \sum_{i \neq i'} \sum_j \sum_{j'} \sum_k \sum_{k'} Cov(Y_{ijk}, Y_{i'j'k'}) \right\} \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{abc}\right)^2 \left\{ abc(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_{b(i)}^2 + \sigma^2) + abc(c-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_{b(i)}^2) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + ab(b-1)c^2\sigma_a^2 + a(a-1)b^2c^2(0) \right\} \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{abc}\right)^2 \left\{ \sigma_a^2(abc + abc(c-1) + ab(b-1)c^2) + \sigma_{b(i)}^2(abc + abc(c-1)) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \sigma^2(abc) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

22-112 100 SHEETS
22-114 200 SHEETS

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \left(\frac{1}{abc}\right)^2 \left\{ \sigma_a^2 (abc^2 + abc^2(b-1)) + \sigma_{b(a)}^2 abc^2 + \sigma^2 abc \right\} \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{abc}\right)^2 \left\{ \sigma_a^2 (ab^2c^2) + \sigma_{b(a)}^2 abc^2 + \sigma^2 (abc) \right\} \\
 &= \frac{1}{abc} \left\{ bc\sigma_a^2 + c\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \sigma^2 \right\} = V(\bar{y}_{...})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow E\{\bar{y}_{...}^2\} = \mu^2 + \frac{1}{abc} \left\{ bc\sigma_a^2 + c\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \sigma^2 \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow E\{abc\bar{y}_{...}^2\} = abc\mu^2 + bc\sigma_a^2 + c\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$E[\bar{y}_{i..}] = \mu$$

$$V[\bar{y}_{i..}] = V\left[\frac{1}{bc} \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}\right] = \left(\frac{1}{bc}\right)^2 V\left\{\sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}\right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \left(\frac{1}{bc}\right)^2 \left\{ \sum_j \sum_k V(y_{ijk}) + \sum_j \sum_{k \neq k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{ijk'}) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \sum_{j \neq j'} \sum_{k, k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{ij'k'}) \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \left(\frac{1}{bc}\right)^2 \left\{ bc(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \sigma^2) + bc(c-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_{b(a)}^2) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + b(b-1)c^2\sigma_a^2 \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{bc}\right) \left\{ \sigma_a^2 \overbrace{(1 + (c-1) + (b-1)c)}^{bc} + \sigma_{b(a)}^2 \overbrace{(1 + (c-1))}^c + \sigma^2 \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow E\{\bar{y}_{i..}^2\} = \mu^2 + \frac{1}{bc} \left\{ bc\sigma_a^2 + c\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \sigma^2 \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow E\left\{c \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2\right\} = abc\mu^2 + abc\sigma_a^2 + ac\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + c\sigma^2$$

$$E[\bar{y}_{ij.}] = \mu$$

$$V[\bar{y}_{ij.}] = V\left[\frac{1}{c} \sum_k y_{ijk}\right] = \frac{1}{c^2} V\left[\sum_k y_{ijk}\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{c^2} \left\{ \sum_k V(y_{ijk}) + \sum_{k \neq k'} \text{Cov}(y_{ijk}, y_{ijk'}) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{c^2} \left\{ c(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \sigma^2) + c(c-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_{b(a)}^2) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{c} \left\{ (\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \sigma^2) + (c-1)(\sigma_a^2 + \sigma_{b(a)}^2) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{c} \left\{ c\sigma_a^2 + c\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \sigma^2 \right\} \Rightarrow E\{\bar{y}_{ij.}^2\} = \mu^2 + \frac{1}{c}(c\sigma_a^2 + c\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \sigma^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow E\left\{c \sum_i \sum_j \bar{y}_{ij.}^2\right\} = abc\mu^2 + abc\sigma_a^2 + abc\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + ab\sigma^2$$

$$E\{y_{ijk}\} = \mu$$

$$V\{y_{ijk}\} = \sigma_a^2 + \sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$\Rightarrow E\{y_{ijk}^2\} = \mu^2 + \sigma_a^2 + \sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$\Rightarrow E\left\{\sum_i \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}^2\right\} = abc\mu^2 + abc\sigma_a^2 + abc\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + abc\sigma^2$$

$$SSA = bc \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2 - abc \bar{y}_{...}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow E[SSA] = \left[abc\mu^2 + abc\sigma_a^2 + \overset{ac}{\cancel{abc}}\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \overset{a}{\cancel{abc}}\sigma^2 \right] \\ - \left[abc\mu^2 + bc\sigma_a^2 + c\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \sigma^2 \right]$$

$$= bc(a-1)\sigma_a^2 + c(a-1)\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + (a-1)\sigma^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{E[MSA] = bc\sigma_a^2 + c\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \sigma^2}$$

$$SSB(A) = \sum_i \sum_j \bar{y}_{ij.}^2 - bc \sum_i \bar{y}_{i..}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow E[SSB(A)] = \left\{ abc\mu^2 + abc\sigma_a^2 + abc\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + abc\sigma^2 \right\} \\ - \left\{ abc\mu^2 + a\cancel{bc}\sigma_a^2 + ac\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + a\sigma^2 \right\}$$

$$= ac(b-1)\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + a(b-1)\sigma^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{E[MSB(A)] = c\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + \sigma^2}$$

$$SSE = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k y_{ijk}^2 - c \sum_i \sum_j \bar{y}_{ij.}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow E[SSE] = \left\{ abc\mu^2 + abc\sigma_a^2 + abc\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + abc\sigma^2 \right\}$$

$$- \left\{ abc\mu^2 + abd\sigma_a^2 + aby\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + ab\sigma^2 \right\}$$

$$= ab(c-1)\sigma^2 \Rightarrow \boxed{E[MSE] = \sigma^2}$$

ANOVA (A RANDOM / B RANDOM)

SOURCE	df	E[MS]
A	a-1	$\sigma^2 + c\sigma_{b(a)}^2 + bc\sigma_a^2$
B(A)	a(b-1)	$\sigma^2 + c\sigma_{b(a)}^2$
ERROR	ab(c-1)	σ^2
TOTAL	abc-1	

Test	Test Statistic	Rh
A	$F_A = \frac{MSA}{MSB(A)}$	$F_A \geq F_{\alpha, a-1, a(b-1)}$
B(A)	$F_{B(A)} = \frac{MSB(A)}{MSE}$	$F_{B(A)} \geq F_{\alpha, a(b-1), ab(c-1)}$

Test A: $H_0: \sigma_a^2 = 0$ $H_A: \sigma_a^2 > 0$

Test B: $H_0: \sigma_{b(a)}^2 = 0$ $H_A: \sigma_{b(a)}^2 > 0$

EXAMPLE - CAFFEINE CONTENT (COKE VS PEPSI)

COKE VS PEPSI IN 5 ESTABLISHMENTS
(ESTABLISHMENTS NESTED UNDER BRANDS).
10 REPS/ ESTABLISHMENT

TREATING ESTABLISHMENTS AS RANDOM (Individual Location)

$$y_{ijk} = \mu + \alpha_i + b_j(i) + \epsilon_{k(ij)} \quad \begin{matrix} i=1,2 \text{ (BRAND)} \\ j=1,\dots,5 \text{ (ESTABLISHMENT)} \\ k=1,\dots,10 \text{ (REPLICATES)} \end{matrix}$$

22-141 50 SHEETS
22-142 100 SHEETS
22-144 200 SHEETS



BRAND

	ESTABLISHMENT (BRAND)					
	j=1	j=2	j=3	j=4	j=5	
(i=1) COKE	44.6 (3.4)	39.1 (3.9)	38.2 (3.0)	35.0 (4.1)	32.8 (2.7)	$\bar{y}_{1..} = 37.94$
(i=2) PEPSI	39.3 (1.5)	38.0 (3.0)	36.7 (1.7)	35.5 (2.7)	35.1 (1.6)	$\bar{y}_{2..} = 36.92$
	← MEANINGLESS MARGINS →					$\bar{y}_{...} = 37.43$

$$SSA = bc \sum_{i=1}^2 (\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}_{...})^2 = 5(10) [-(37.94 - 37.43)^2 + (36.92 - 37.43)^2]$$

$$= 50 [(0.51)^2 + (-0.51)^2] = 26.01 \quad df_A = 2 - 1 = 1$$

$$SSB(A) < \sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{j=1}^5 (\bar{y}_{ij.} - \bar{y}_{i..})^2$$

j	$(\bar{y}_{1j.} - \bar{y}_{1..})^2$	$(\bar{y}_{2j.} - \bar{y}_{2..})^2$
1	44.36	5.66
2	1.35	1.17
3	0.09	0.05
4	8.64	5.95
5	26.42	8.07
Σ	80.84	20.90

$$SSB(A) = 10 [80.84 + 20.90] = 1017.40$$

$$df_{B(A)} = 2(5-1) = 8$$

$$SSE = (c-1) \sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{j=1}^5 s_{ij}^2 = 9 [3.4^2 + 3.9^2 + 3.0^2 + 4.1^2 + 2.7^2 + 1.5^2 + 3.0^2 + 1.7^2 + 2.7^2 + 1.6^2] = 754.74$$

$$df_E = 2(5)(10-1) = 90$$

CAFFEINE EXAMPLE CONTINUED

ANOVA

SOURCE	df	SS	MS
BRAND	1	26.01	26.01
ESTABLISHMENT(BRAND)	8	1017.40	127.18
ERROR	90	754.74	8.39
TOTAL	99	1798.15	—

22-142 100 SHEETS
22-144 200 SHEETS

CASE 1 - TREATING ESTABLISHMENTS AS RANDOM

$H_0: \alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$ $H_A: \alpha_1 \neq \alpha_2$

T.S. $F_A = \frac{MSA}{MSAB} = \frac{26.01}{127.18} = 0.205$

RR: $F_A \geq F_{.05, 1, 8} = 5.32$ DON'T REJECT H_0

$H_0: \sigma_{b(a)}^2 = 0$ $H_A: \sigma_{b(a)}^2 > 0$

T.S. $F_{AB} = \frac{MSAB}{MSE} = \frac{127.18}{8.39} = 15.16$

RR: $F_{AB} \geq F_{.05, 8, 90} = 2.06$ REJECT H_0

CASE 2 TREATING ESTABLISHMENTS AS FIXED (PLAUSIBLE)

$H_0: \alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 0$ $H_A: \alpha_1 \neq \alpha_2$ T.S. $F_A = \frac{MSA}{MSE} = \frac{26.01}{8.39} = 3.10$

RR: $F_A \geq F_{.05, 1, 90} = 3.96$ Don't reject H_0 , but much higher p-value

$H_0: \beta_{j(i)} = 0 \quad \forall i, j$ $H_A: \text{NOT ALL } \beta_{j(i)} = 0$

SAME TEST AS ABOVE!

CROSSED $\frac{1}{2}$ Nested FACTORS - SPECIAL CASE: CROSSED FACTORS - FIXED NESTED FACTORS RANDOM

$$Y_{ijkl} = \mu + \alpha_i + \beta_j + \gamma_{k(i)} + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + \alpha\gamma_{ik(j)} + \epsilon_{ijkl}$$

$i=1, \dots, a \quad j=1, \dots, b \quad k=1, \dots, c \quad l=1, \dots, r$

EXAMPLE: A FORMULATION (REGULAR/DIET)
 B BRAND (COKE/PEPSI)
 < ESTABLISHMENT (NESTED UNDER BRAND)
 BUT NOT FORMULATION

$$SSA = bcr \sum_i (\bar{y}_{i...} - \bar{y}_{...})^2 \quad df_A = a-1$$

$$SSB = acr \sum_j (\bar{y}_{.j..} - \bar{y}_{...})^2 \quad df_B = b-1$$

$$SSC(B) = ar \sum_j \sum_k (\bar{y}_{.jk.} - \bar{y}_{.j..})^2 \quad df_{C(B)} = b(c-1)$$

$$SSAB = cr \sum_i \sum_j (\bar{y}_{ij..} - \bar{y}_{i...} - \bar{y}_{.j..} + \bar{y}_{...})^2 \quad df_{AB} = (a-1)(b-1)$$

$$SSAC(B) = r \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (\bar{y}_{ijk.} - \bar{y}_{ij..} - \bar{y}_{.jk.} + \bar{y}_{.j..})^2$$

AC Interaction
w/in levels
of B

$$df_{AC(B)} = b(a-1)(c-1)$$

$$SSE = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k \sum_l (y_{ijkl} - \bar{y}_{ijk.})^2 \quad df_E = abc(r-1)$$

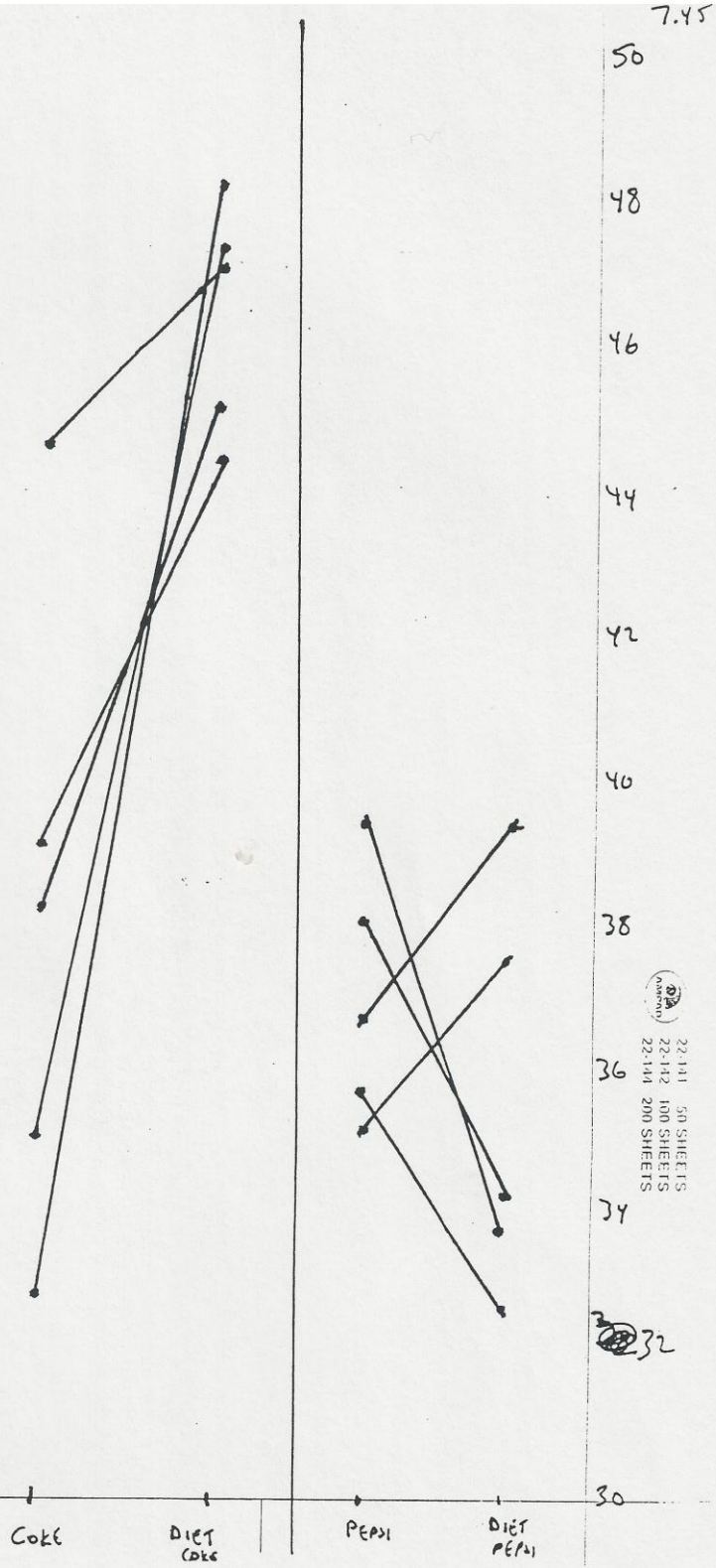
$$= (r-1) \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k s_{isk}^2$$

Formulation	Ratio	Restaurants	$\bar{Y}_{i...}$	$\bar{Y}_{.i..}$	$\bar{Y}_{...i}$	Overall of aver. Disease Assoc. reactivity	\bar{Y}_{ijk}	$\bar{Y}_{...}$	P.173-80	Sick
1	1	1	37.43	42.15	37.94	45.80	44.6	39.18	3.4	3.4
1	1	2	37.43	42.15	37.94	41.75	39.1	39.18	2.9	3.9
1	1	3	37.43	42.15	37.94	41.65	38.2	39.18	3.0	3.0
1	1	4	37.43	42.15	37.94	41.10	35.0	39.18	4.1	4.1
1	1	5	37.43	42.15	37.94	40.45	32.8	39.18	2.7	2.7
1	2	1	37.43	36.20	36.92	36.50	39.3	39.18	1.3	1.3
1	2	2	37.43	36.20	36.92	36.10	38.0	39.18	2.9	2.9
1	2	3	37.43	36.20	36.92	38.00	36.7	39.18	3.4	3.4
1	2	4	37.43	36.20	36.92	34.10	35.5	39.18	2.5	2.5
1	2	5	37.43	36.20	36.92	36.30	35.1	39.18	1.4	1.4
2	1	1	40.92	42.15	46.36	45.80	47.0	39.18	1.5	1.5
2	1	2	40.92	42.15	46.36	41.75	44.4	39.18	3.0	3.0
2	1	3	40.92	42.15	46.36	41.65	45.1	39.18	1.7	1.7
2	1	4	40.92	42.15	46.36	41.10	47.2	39.18	2.7	2.7
2	1	5	40.92	42.15	46.36	40.45	48.1	39.18	1.6	1.6
2	2	1	40.92	36.20	35.48	36.50	33.7	39.18	1.8	1.8
2	2	2	40.92	36.20	35.48	36.10	34.2	39.18	2.0	2.0
2	2	3	40.92	36.20	35.48	38.00	39.3	39.18	1.2	1.2
2	2	4	40.92	36.20	35.48	34.10	32.7	39.18	1.7	1.7
2	2	5	40.92	36.20	35.48	36.30	37.5	39.18	2.3	2.3

$SSA = r \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (\bar{Y}_{i..} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2 = 10(2)(5) [(40.92 - 39.18)^2 + (42.15 - 39.18)^2]$
 $SSB = r \sum_i \sum_j (\bar{Y}_{.i.} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2 = 10(2)(5) [(36.20 - 39.18)^2 + (42.15 - 39.18)^2]$
 $SSAB = r \sum_i \sum_j (\bar{Y}_{.ij.} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2$
 $SS(C|A) = r \sum_i \sum_k (\bar{Y}_{i.k.} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2$
 $SS(AC|B) = r \sum_j \sum_k (\bar{Y}_{.jk.} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2$
 $SSE = \sum_{i,j,k} \sum_{l \neq k} (r_{ijl} - 1)^2$

AP 11/14

Source	df	SS	MS	$E(MS)$	F_0	F_{α}
A (FORM)	1	609.0	609.0	$\sigma^2 + 10\sigma_{ac}^2(b) + 100\sigma_{a_i}^2$	609.0/103.6 = 5.88	5.3
B (ORANO)	1	1770.1	1770.1	$\sigma^2 + 10\sigma_{ac}^2(b) + 20\sigma_c^2(b) + 100\sigma_{b_i}^2$	1770.1/97.0 = 18.15	5.3
AxB (FxB)	1	1215.0	1215.0	$\sigma^2 + 10\sigma_{ac}^2(b) + 50\sigma_{(a\beta)_i}^2$	1215.0/103.6 = 11.73	5.3
C B (REV/ANNA)	8	776.2	97.0	$\sigma^2 + 10\sigma_{ac}^2(b) + 20\sigma_c^2(b)$	97.0/103.6 = 0.94	3.4
AC B (REV + FORM/ANNA)	8	828.4	103.6	$\sigma^2 + 10\sigma_{ac}^2(b)$	103.6/6.5 = 15.94	2.2
ERROR	180	1175.3	6.5	σ^2		
TOTAL	199	6374.0				



RULES FOR COMPUTING EXPECTED MEAN SQUARES

- ① Write out the appropriate Linear Model
- ② Set up a 2-WAY TABLE WHERE:
 - a) There is a row for each term (except μ)
 - b) Column for each subscript
- ③ OVER EACH COLUMN, WRITE THE NUMBER OF FACTOR LEVELS ξ ; "F" (for Fixed) or "R" for Random
- ④ Add column on end for components (σ^2 -fixed, σ^2 -rand)
- ⑤ If a column subscript does not appear in the row effect, enter the number of levels corresponding to the subscript for the column
- ⑥ If a subscript is bracketed in a row effect, Place a 1 in cells under those subscripts that are inside brackets
- ⑦ a) For each row, if any row subscript matches the column subscript, enter a 0 if:
 - i) The column represents a fixed factor
 - and ii) there is a fixed component of variation (σ^2) for the effect represented by the row.
 b) Enter 1 in remaining cells



- 8) To determine $E[MS]$
- a) Include σ^2 w/ a coefficient of 1 in all $E[MS]$
 - b) Of the other variance components, include only those whose model terms include subscripts of the effect of interest
 - c) Cover columns of non-bracketed subscripts for the effect (row) of interest
 - d) The coefficient for each component in the $E[MS]$ is the product of the remaining columns of the row for that effect

EXAMPLE - FORMULATION / BRAND / ESTABLISHMENT EXAMPLE

STEP 1 $Y_{ijkl} = \mu + \alpha_i + \beta_j + C_{k(j)} + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + AC_{ik(j)} + e_{ijkl}$
 $i=1, \dots, a \quad j=1, \dots, b \quad k=1, \dots, c \quad l=1, \dots, r$

Source	Effect	F/n Levels Subscript	F a i	F b j	n c k	n r l	STEP 3	STEP 4
A	α_i						$\sigma_a^2 = \frac{\sum \alpha_i^2}{a-1}$	
B	β_j						σ_b^2	
AB	$(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$						σ_{ab}^2	
C(B)	$C_{k(j)}$						$\sigma_{c(b)}^2$	
AC(B)	$(\alpha C)_{ik(j)}$						$\sigma_{ac(b)}^2$	
ERROR	$e_{l(ijk)}$						σ_e^2	

STEP 2

NOTE: CIRCLED VALUES OCCURRED IN CURRENT STEP

STEP 5

- Row 1 (A) has only i in it, place the # of levels for each column that does not have i as subscript
- Repeat for all rows

	i	j	k	l	
A α_i		(b)	(c)	(r)	σ_a^2
B β_j	(a)		(c)	(r)	σ_b^2
AB $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$			(c)	(r)	σ_{ab}^2
C(B) $c_{k(j)}$	(a)			(r)	$\sigma_{c(b)}^2$
AC(B) $(ac)_{ik(j)}$				(r)	$\sigma_{ac(b)}^2$
Error $e_{l(ijk)}$					σ_e^2

STEP 6

- Row 4 (C(B)) & Row 5 (AC(B)) have j's bracketed
- Row 6 (Error) has i, j, k bracketed.
- Place 1's in these cells under bracketed subscript

	i	j	k	l	
α_i		b	c	r	σ_a^2
β_j	a	•	c	r	σ_b^2
$\alpha\beta_{ij}$			c	r	σ_{ab}^2
$c_{k(j)}$	a	(1)		r	$\sigma_{c(b)}^2$
$(ac)_{ik(j)}$		(1)		r	$\sigma_{ac(b)}^2$
$e_{l(ijk)}$	(1)	(1)	(1)		σ_e^2

22-141 50 SHEETS
22-142 100 SHEETS
22-144 200 SHEETS
ANIPALS

STEP 7 a) Row 1(A) has subscript i

i) Column i is FIXED (F)

ii) Row Component is Fixed (θ)

=> Place 0 in Column i in row 1

• Row 4 (c(B)) has subscript k

i) Column k is RANDOM

ii) Row Component is Variance component σ^2

=> Do not place 0 in column k in row

	F a i	F b j	R c k	R r l	
α_i	0	b	c	r	σ_a^2
β_j	a	0	c	r	σ_b^2
$(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$	0	0	c	r	σ_{ab}^2
$c_{k(j)}$	a	1		r	$\sigma_{c(b)}^2$
$(\alpha c)_{ik(j)}$		1		r	$\sigma_{ac(b)}^2$
$e_{R(ijk)}$	1	1	1		σ_e^2

Note 100 in Column i Since row Component is σ^2

b) Place 1's every where else

	i	j	k	l	
α_i	0	b	c	r	σ_a^2
β_j	a	0	c	r	σ_b^2
$(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$	0	0	c	r	σ_{ab}^2
$c_{k(j)}$	a	1	1	r	$\sigma_{c(b)}^2$
$(\alpha c)_{ik(j)}$	1	1	1	r	$\sigma_{ac(b)}^2$
$e_{R(ijk)}$	1	1	1	1	σ_e^2

STEP 8

a) For EACH $R[Ms]$, include $1\sigma^2$

b) Of other Variance Components include only those whose model terms include subscripts of the effect of interest

Effect	INCLUDED VARIANCE COMPONENTS
A α_i	$\sigma^2, \sigma_{ac(b)}^2$
B β_j	$\sigma^2, \sigma_{ac(b)}^2, \sigma_{c(b)}^2$
AB $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$	$\sigma^2, \sigma_{ac(b)}^2$
C(B) $C_{k(j)}$	$\sigma^2, \sigma_{c(b)}^2, \sigma_{ac(b)}^2$
AC(B) $ac_{ik(j)}$	$\sigma^2, \sigma_{ac(b)}^2$
Error $e_{l(ijk)}$	σ^2

c) Cover columns of non-bracketed subscripts for each row (1-at-a-time)

	i	j	k	l	Component	Product uncovered col
FACTOR A: α_i	1	b	c	r	σ_a^2	bcr
(α_i) β_j	1	0	c	r	σ_b^2	0
$(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$	1	0	c	r	σ_{ab}^2	0
$C_{k(j)}$	1	1	1	r	$\sigma_{c(b)}^2$	r (NOT in set of VC)
$ac_{ik(j)}$	1	1	1	r	$\sigma_{ac(b)}^2$	r
$e_{l(ijk)}$	1	1	1	1	σ_e^2	1

d) Obtain product of remaining columns (not covered)

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{E_{rca} \quad bcr \quad \sigma^2 + r\sigma^2 + \sigma^2}$$



Factor C:

$C_k(j)$

	i	j	k	l	Component	Product
α_i	0	b	c	r	σ_a^2	0
β_j	a	0	c	r	σ_b^2	0
$(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$	0	0	c	r	σ_{ab}^2	0
$C_k(j)$	a	1	1	r	$\sigma_{c(b)}^2$	ar
$\alpha\epsilon_{ik(j)}$	1	1	1	r	$\sigma_{ac(b)}^2$	r
$\epsilon_{l(ijk)}$	1	1	1	1	σ_e^2	1

$$E[MSC] = ar\sigma_{c(b)}^2 + r\sigma_{ac(b)}^2 + \sigma_e^2$$

ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE

Source	df	E[MS]
A	a-1	$bcr \cdot \sigma_a^2 + r\sigma_{ac(b)}^2 + \sigma_e^2$
B	b-1	$acr \cdot \sigma_b^2 + r\sigma_{ac(b)}^2 + ar\sigma_{c(b)}^2 + \sigma_e^2$
AB	(a-1)(b-1)	$cr\sigma_{ab}^2 + r\sigma_{ac(b)}^2 + \sigma_e^2$
C(B)	b(c-1)	$ar\sigma_{c(b)}^2 + r\sigma_{ac(b)}^2 + \sigma_e^2$
AC(B)	(a-1)b(c-1)	$r\sigma_{ac(b)}^2 + \sigma_e^2$
Error	abc(r-1)	σ_e^2
TOTAL	abc-1	

22-141 50 SHEETS
22-142 100 SHEETS
22-144 200 SHEETS
Norand