

Probability and Probability Distribution Problems  
Solutions

P.1.

Q.1.  $P(G|M) = .20$   $P(G|F) = .10$   $P(M) = .40$   $P(F) = .60$

P.1.a  $P(G) = P(G \cap M) + P(G \cap F) = P(M)P(G|M) + P(F)P(G|F)$   
 $= .40(.20) + .60(.10) = .08 + .06 = .14$

P.1.b.  $P(M|G) = \frac{P(M \cap G)}{P(G)} = \frac{.08}{.14} = \frac{4}{7} = .5714$

Q.2.  $Y \equiv$  High temperature on a randomly selected day in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$

$\mu_Y = 20$   $X \equiv$  High temp in  $^{\circ}\text{F} = 32 + \frac{9}{5}Y$

$\Rightarrow \mu_X = 32 + \frac{9}{5}\mu_Y = 32 + \frac{9}{5}(20) = 32 + 9(4) = 68$

Q.3.  $Y \equiv$  # Light Bulbs w/ Lifetime  $> 800$  hours in 10 sampled

$Y \sim \text{Bin}(n=10, \pi=0.80)$

$P(Y=10) = \binom{10}{10} (.80)^{10} (1-.80)^0 = .8^{10} = .1074$

Q.4. Scores:  $Y \sim N(\mu = 550, \sigma = 100)$

$P(Y > 700) = P\left(\frac{Y-\mu}{\sigma} > \frac{700-550}{100} = 1.50\right)$

$= 1 - P(Y \leq 1.50) = 1 - .9332 = .0668$

Q.5.  $Y \sim \text{Bin}(n=5, \pi=.05)$

$$P(Y=0) = \binom{5}{0} (.05)^0 (.95)^{5-0} = .95^5 = .7738$$

Q.6.  $P(C|M) = \frac{40}{25636} = .00156$      $P(C|M) = \frac{60}{27167} = .00221$

Q.7. FALSE ( $\hat{\pi} = .85$ , not  $\pi = .85$ )

Q.8.  $Y \sim \text{Bin}(n=6, \pi=.15)$      $P(Y=0) = \binom{6}{0} (.15)^0 (.85)^{6-0} = .3771$

Q.9.  $F^+ \equiv \text{Flu-Positive}$      $T^+ \equiv \text{Test Positive}$

$$P(T^+|F^+) = \frac{664}{748} = .8877$$
     $P(T^-|F^-) = \frac{80}{82} = .9756$

Q.10.  $Y \sim \text{Bin}(n=500, \pi=.01)$

$$E\{Y\} = n\pi = 500(.01) = 5$$

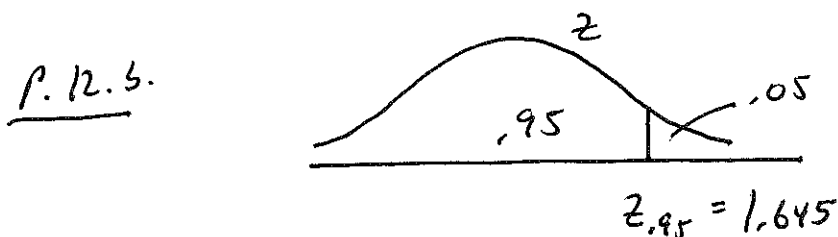
$$\begin{aligned} P(Y \leq 1) &= P(0) + P(1) = \binom{500}{0} (.01)^0 (.99)^{500} + \binom{500}{1} (.01)^1 (.99)^{499} \\ &= \frac{500!}{0! 500!} (.01)^0 (.99)^{500} + \frac{500!}{1! 499!} (.01)^1 (.99)^{499} \\ &= (.99)^{500} + 500 (.01) (.99)^{499} = .00657 + .03184 = .03841 \end{aligned}$$

Q.11.  $\text{Prob}\{\text{Some Review}\} = \frac{400+300}{1000} = 0.70$

$$\text{Prob}\{R_2^+ | R_1^-\} = \frac{100}{400} = 0.25$$

Q.12.  $Y_M \sim N(167, 6)$      $Y_F \sim N(160, 5)$

P.12.a.  $P(Y_M \geq 175) = P\left(z_M = \frac{Y_M - \mu_M}{\sigma_M} \geq \frac{175 - 167}{6} = 1.33\right)$   
 $= 1 - P(z \leq 1.33) = 1 - .9082 = .0918$



$\Rightarrow$  95<sup>th</sup> q-ile for Females:  $\mu_F + 1.645 \sigma_F = 160 + 1.645(5) = 168.225$

Q.13.  $P(F) = .60$      $P(M) = .40$      $P(C|F) = .20$      $P(C|M) = .40$

P.13.a.  $P(C) = P(F)P(C|F) + P(M)P(C|M) = .6(.2) + .4(.4) = .12 + .16 = .28$

P.13.b.  $P(M|C) = \frac{P(MC)}{P(C)} = \frac{.16}{.28} = \frac{4}{7} = .5714$

Q.14.  $Y \equiv \#$  correct responses on test     $Y \sim \text{Bin}(n=6, \pi=.20)$

P.14.a.  $E\{Y\} = n\pi = 6(.20) = 1.20$

P.14.b.  $P(Y=0) = \binom{6}{0} (.2)^0 (.8)^{6-0} = (.8)^6 = .2621$

Q.15.  $Y \sim N(2100, 500)$      $n=25 \Rightarrow \bar{Y} \sim N\left(2100, \frac{500}{\sqrt{25}} = 100\right)$

$P(\sum Y_i \geq 80000) = P(\bar{Y} \geq \frac{80000}{25} = 3200) = P\left(z \geq \frac{3200 - 2100}{100} = 11\right)$   
 $\approx 0$

Q. 16.  $D^+ \equiv$  Disease Positive     $T^+ \equiv$  Test Positive

Sensitivity = .95 =  $P(T^+ | D^+)$     Specificity =  $P(T^- | D^-) = .95$

Prevalence =  $P(D^+) = .01$

P. 16. a.  $P(T^+) = \cancel{P(D^+)} P(T^+ \cap D^+) + P(T^+ \cap D^-)$

=  $P(D^+)P(T^+ | D^+) + P(D^-)P(T^+ | D^-)$

=  $.01(.95) + .99(1-.95) = .059$

P. 16. b.  $P(D^+ | T^+) = \frac{P(T^+ \cap D^+)}{P(T^+)} = \frac{.01(.95)}{.059} = .1610$

Q. 17. P. 17. a)  $P(\text{Student Smokes} \mid \text{@ least 1 Parent Smokes})$

=  $.07 + .08 = .15$

P. 17. b.  $P(\text{Neither Parent Smokes} \mid \text{Student Smokes}) = \frac{.03}{.18} = .1667$

Q. 18.  $Y \sim N(\mu = 454, \sigma = 8)$      $n = 25$

$\Rightarrow \bar{Y} \sim N(\mu_{\bar{Y}} = 454, \sigma_{\bar{Y}} = \frac{8}{\sqrt{25}} = \frac{8}{5} = 1.6)$

Q. 19. School System salaries in  $(18,000 - 40,000)$

P. 19. a. Every teacher gets \$1000 raise  $\Rightarrow$  Mean increases \$1000  
SD remains same

~~P. 19. a.~~

P. 19. b. Every teacher gets 5% raise  $\Rightarrow$  raise ranges from \$900 - \$2000  
Mean increases by 5%    SD increases by 5%

Q.20.

Color	$P(C)$	$P(T C)$	$P(T^c C)$	$P(C T)$
Red	.40	.05	.020	.1739
Yellow	.30	.10	.030	.2609
Black	.20	.20	.040	.3478
Green	.10	.25	.025	.2174
Total	1.00	—	.115	1.000

Q.21.  $Y = \#$  successful Penalty Kicks

$$Y \sim \text{Bin}(n=3, \pi=0.80)$$

P.21.a.  $P(Y=3) = \binom{3}{3} (.80)^3 (.20)^{3-3} = .8^3 = .512$

P.21.b.  $P(Y=0) = \binom{3}{0} (.80)^0 (.20)^{3-0} = .2^3 = .008$

P.21.c.  $\hat{\pi} \sim \text{Normal}(\mu_{\hat{\pi}} = \pi = .80, \sigma_{\hat{\pi}} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi(1-\pi)}{n}} = \sqrt{\frac{.8(.2)}{64}} = .05)$

Q.22. 3 phone brands  $P(LG) = .25$   $P(M) = .40$   $P(N) = .35$ LS = Low SAR Level  $P(LS|LG) = .24$   $P(LS|M) = .20$   $P(LS|N) = .28$ 

P.22.a.  $P(LS) = .25(.24) + .40(.20) + .35(.28)$   
 $= .060 + .080 + .098 = .238$

P.22.b.)  $P(LG|LS) = \frac{.060}{.238} = .2521$

$$P(M|LS) = \frac{.080}{.238} = .3361$$

$$P(N|LS) = \frac{.098}{.238} = .4118$$

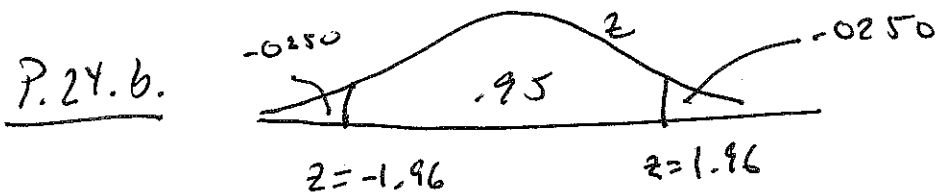
Q.23.  $Y \sim \text{Bin}(n=10, \pi=0.4)$

P.23.a.  $P(Y=4) = \binom{10}{4} (.4)^4 (.6)^6 = \frac{10!}{4!6!} (.4)^4 (.6)^6 = 210 (.0256) (.046656) = .2508$

P.23.b.  $E\{Y\} = n\pi = 10(0.4) = 4.0$   
 $V\{Y\} = n\pi(1-\pi) = 10(.4)(.6) = 2.4$

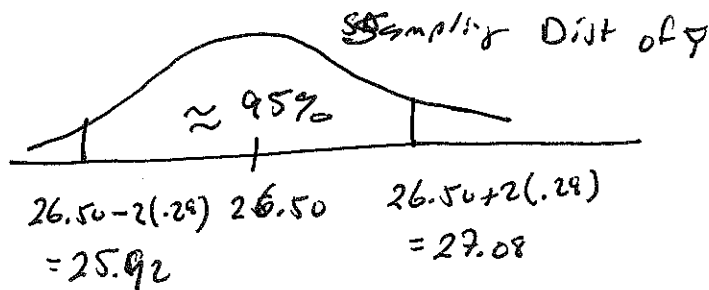
Q.24.  $Y \sim N(26.50, 1.45)$

P.24.a.  $P(Y \leq 25.0) = P(z = \frac{Y-\mu}{\sigma} \leq \frac{25.0-26.50}{1.45} = -1.03)$   
 $= P(z \leq -1.03) = .1515$



$\mu \pm 1.96\sigma = 26.50 \pm \frac{1.96(1.45)}{2.842} = (23.658, 29.342)$   
 $\Rightarrow P(23.658 \leq Y \leq 29.342) = .95$

P.24.c.  $n=25 \Rightarrow \bar{Y} \sim N(\mu_{\bar{Y}} = 26.50, \sigma_{\bar{Y}} = \frac{1.45}{\sqrt{25}} = 0.29)$



Q.25.  $E\{Y_F\} = \mu_F = 91.4^\circ F$     $\sigma_F = 8.3^\circ F$

$$Y_C = 0.56Y_F - 17.78$$

$$\mu_C = 0.56\mu_F - 17.78 = 0.56(91.4) - 17.78 = 33.404$$

$$\sigma_C = |0.56|\sigma_F = 0.56(8.3) = 4.648$$